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SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of sundry writs of fi. fa., to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Monday, the 14th day of February, 1859, at 12 o'clock, M., the following described real estate, to wit:

All defendants', John King & Thomas King's, right, title and interest in and to one tract of land, containing 237 acres, more or less: about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story mansion house, 13 tenant houses, store house, ware house, one iron forge, saw-mill, coal house, large new bank barn, 2 frame stables and other out-buildings thereon erected—also, an apple orchard thereon; adjoining lands of James Fink, Jacob Steel, John Gates, and others, known as the Bedford Forge property.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 206 acres, more or less, about 60 acres cleared and under fence, with a log house and log stable thereon erected; adjoining lands of Lucinda Piper and others—known as the John McIlnay tract.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 5 acres, more or less, with a log house thereon erected, on the waters of Yellow Creek; adjoining lands of Piper and Fink, George, B. Kay's heirs and others, in the name of John King.

ALSO—One tract of unimproved land, containing 402 acres, more or less; adjoining the Bedford Forge and others, in the name of Stephen Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 404 acres more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Richard Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 404 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Joseph Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 409 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, known in the name of Samuel Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 424 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others in the name of Alexander Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 413 acres more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of John McIlnay.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 374 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of David Piper.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 385 acres more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Timothy Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 400 acress, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Israel Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 392 acres more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Zachariah Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 421 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of John Boyd.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 429 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of William Davis.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 432 acres more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Isabel Davis.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 441 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of William Piper.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 477 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others; in the name of John Hardin.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 442 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Ignatius Hardin.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 434 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of James Wilson.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 2372 acres, more or less; about 100 cleared and under fence, with four refining fires, one mansion house, one brick office and store house, ware house, 13 tenant houses, 6 stables, one blacksmith shop, one carpenter shop, coal house, iron house, and other out-buildings thereon erected; adjoining lands of James Eichelberger, on the North, Henry Gates and Eli Floke, on the South and West, and Broad Top on the East—known as the Lemnos Iron Works property.

ALSO—One tract of land in Woodcock valley—known as the Bender ore bank, containing 256 acres, more or less; adjoining lands of Stephen Weimer and others.

ALSO—One tract of unimproved land containing 33 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others; warranted in the name of Thomas and John King.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 420 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of John Cheney.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 428 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Maria Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 374 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Hannah Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 426 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of George F. Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 400 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Peter Swope and Jno. King.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 70 acres more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Casper Fluck; known as the Fluck ore bank.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 15 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others—known as the Daughinbaugh improvement.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres more or less, adjoining Martin Hoover on the west and others, being a part of the Dyke's tract.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less; adjoining Martin Hoover on the east and others, being a part of the Dyke's tract; and all the above described lands situate in Hopewell township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of John King and Thomas King.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 40 acres more or less; about all cleared and under fence, with a two story log house and log stable thereon erected; adjoining lands of James Price, Henry Gates and others—situate in Hopewell township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas King.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 265 acres, more or less; about 50 acres cleared and under fence, with 2 dwelling houses and log stable thereon erected; adjoining lands of William Iams, Solomon Smith, and others.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less; about 50 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling and kitchen attached and log barn thereon erected—also an apple orchard thereon; adjoining lands of Deft, William Iams, Arnold Lashley and others.

ALSO—One other tract of land containing 53 acres, more or less, unimproved; adjoining lands of John Johnson, John Bennett & others.

ALSO—One other tract known as the mansion place, containing 265 acres, more or less; about 80 acres cleared and under fence, with dwelling house and store room attached, double log barn, frame stable, and other out-buildings thereon erected; adjoining lands of Mrs. Nancy Elbin, Eliza McIlfish, Joshua Browning and others. And all the above described lands situate in Southampton township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of William Lashley.

ALSO,

All Defendant, D. S. Berkstresser's right, title, interest and claim, in and to one tract of land, called Buck Bottom, containing 60 acres, more or less; about 4 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and a half plank house thereon erected; adjoining lands of Wm. Forrester, on the west and the Juniata river on the north and east—situate in Hopewell township, Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of David S. Berkstresser.

ALSO,

One lot of ground in the town of Hopewell, fronting about 60 feet on front street and extending back to the furnace race and to an alley, on the north, lying triangular, containing about one eighth of an acre—situate in Broad Top township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas W. Horton.

ALSO,

One tract of land containing 86 acres, more or less; about 40 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log house, cabin house and double log barn thereon erected; adjoining lands of William Blackburn, Isaac Cuppett and others—situate in Napier township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of John Tawney. ALSO,

All Deft, William Patton's interest, in and to a certain tract of land, situate in Broad Top township, Bedford county, bounded by lands formerly owned by Joseph [illegible] and James Cunningham & Co., containing 106¼ acres and allowance, &c., being the same tract of land known formerly as the Abner Horton tract, with the rights and privileges thereunto belonging, and taken in execution as the property of William Patton.

ALSO,

All Deft's interests in and to a certain two story plank frame toll and dwelling house, 18 by 24 feet—situate in Hopewell township, Bedford county, erected on and over the road of said Company, and the lot or piece of ground and curtilage appurtenant thereto, with the rights and privileges thereunto belonging, and taken in execution as the property of the Hopewell and Bloody Run Plank and Turnpike Road Company. ALSO,

One lot of ground in the town of Stonerstown, fronting 27 feet on main street and extending back about 220 feet to an alley, with a two story plank house thereon erected, adjoining an alley on the north-east, and lot of Dominick Feeny on the south—situate in Liberty township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of John McCaffrey and wife, defendants. ALSO,

One tract of land containing 190 acres, more or less; about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log house, double frame barn, and other out-buildings thereon erected—also an apple orchard thereon: adjoining land of Abraham Sills, Anthony Zimmers and other—situate in Bedford township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Jacob Reighart, deft. ALSO,

One tract of land containing 44 acres, more or less: about 2 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house thereon erected: adjoining lands of William Thompson, James Ray, Watson's heirs and others—situate in Bedford township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas Richardson, deft.

ALSO,

One lot of ground in the town of Stonerstown, fronting 55 feet on main street, and extending back 220 feet to an alley, with a two story frame store house thereon erected; adjoining other lots of defendant, Joseph Crisman, on the north, and fronting 220 feet on street running from the Juniata river to the town of Saxon, on the south—situate in Liberty township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Joseph Crisman.

WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Jan. 21, 1859.

LIST OF CAUSES,

PUT down for trial at February Term, (14th day,) 1859.

John Hoyle	vs Wm Keyser
Levi Hardinger	vs John C Morgart
Fred'k Hildebrant	vs C F Kœner
A Blair's use	vs John Blair et al
Juniata S. District	vs L A Tamer
William Oss	vs Arnold Lashley
T McCauley & Co.	vs John Davidson & Co.
James Entriken	vs D Washabaugh et al
Joseph Burgess	vs Wm Keyser et al
Henry Gates	vs Milford James
Jon H Dicken	vs Jesse Dicken
Wm Forbes	vs Patrick Burns et al
Dr G W Anderson	vs A E Cox

SAM'L H. TATE, Proth'y.

Proth'y's Office, Bedford, Jan. 21, 1859.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING BY MEYERS & BENFORD,

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$1.50 per annum, cash, in advance.
$2.00 " " if paid within the year.
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☞No subscription taken for less than six months.

☞No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers. It has been decided by the United States Courts, that the stoppage of a newspaper without the payment of arrearages, is *prima facie* evidence of fraud and is a criminal offence.

☞The courts have decided that persons are accountable for the subscription price of newspapers, if they take them from the post office, whether they subscribe for them, or not.

ADVENTURE WITH GRIZZLY BEARS.

We clip the following thrilling adventure with two grizzly bears, from the "Life and adventures of Kit Carson, the famous backwoodsman of the Rocky Mountains," a work recently published:

"Late one afternoon, just after the little party had gone into camp, Kit, having lingered somewhat behind, suddenly rode thro' the campground, and leaped from his horse, giving it in the care of one of the men. With his rifle, he started in pursuit of game for supper. He walked about one mile from the camp, and there came upon the fresh track of some elk. Following up the trail, he discovered the game grazing on the side of a hill. In the neighborhood of the animals were some low and scraggy pine trees. Moving along with great care, he finally gained the cover of the trees which brought him in close proximity to the elk, and within certain range of his rifle. This care was the more necessary, as his party had been without meat diet for some time, and began to be greatly in need thereof. These ever wary animals saw or scented him, or at any rate, became conscious of approaching danger from some cause, before he could reach the spot from which he desired to take his aim. They had commenced moving, and in another instant would have bounded away out of all reach of his rifle. His eye and piece, however, were too quick for them, for, bringing his rifle into position, and without dwelling upon his aim he sped a bullet after the largest and fattest of the noble game before him. He had wisely allowed for the first leap, for his shot caught the nimble animal in mid air, and brought him to the earth, writhing in his death agony, with a fearful wound in the heart and lungs, from which there was no escape. One quiver ran through the frame of the beautiful animal, when he breathed his last. The echoing sound of his rifle shot had hardly died away, to which the hunter ever listens with unfeigned pleasure as the sweetest music on his ear, whenever he has seen that his game is surely within his grasp, when the last faint melody was broken upon by and completely lost in a terrific roar, from the woods directly behind him. Instantly turning his head to note the source of this sound, the meaning cause of which he well knew by his and experienced woodsman's ear educated until its nicety was truly wonderful, he saw two huge and terribly angry grizzly bears. As his eye first rested upon these unwelcome guests, they were fast bounding toward him, their eyes flashing fiery passion, their pearly teeth glittering with eagerness to mangle his flesh, and their monstrous fore-arms, hung with sharp bony claws, ready and anxious to hug his body in a close and most loving embrace. There was not much time for Kit to scratch his head and cogitate. In fact, one instant spent in thought then would have proved his death warrant without hope of a reprieve. The Messrs. Bruin evidently considered their domain most unjustly intruded upon. Kit required no second thought to perceive that the monarchs of the American forest were unappeasably angry, and were fast nearing him with mighty stride.—Dropping his rifle, the little leaden bullet of which would have been worth to him its weight in gold if it could by some magic wand have been transferred from the heart of the elk back into its breach, he bounded from his position in close imitation of the elk, but with better success. The trees! he hoped and prayed as he fairly flew over the ground with the bears hot in chase, for one quick grasp at a sturdy sapling. By good fortune, or especial providence, his hope, or prayer, was answered. Grasping a lower limb, he swung his body into the first tier of branches just as passing bruin brushed against one of his legs.

Bears climb trees, and Kit Carson was not ignorant of the fact. Instantly drawing his keen edged hunting knife, he cut away for dear life at a thick short branch. The knife and his energy conquered the limb just as Messrs. Bruin had gathered themselves up for an ascent, a proceeding on their part to which Carson would not give assent. Carson was well acquainted with the Messrs. Bruin's pride in, and extreme consideration for their noses. A few sharp raps made with the severed branch upon the noses of the bears, while they fairly made them howl with pain and rage, caused them to hastily beat a retreat. This scene of ascending, getting their noses tickled, and again descending, howling with pain and rage, now kept Carson and Messrs. Bruin actively busy for some time.

The huge monsters and monarchs of the mountains were determined not to give it up so. Such a full and fair chase, and to be beaten by a simple white man on their own domain!—This evidently galled their sensitive natures. It is true, the roaring of the bears in his rear had stimulated Carson in the race; so much so, that he undoubtedly ran at the top of his speed; and being naturally, as well as by long practice, very fleet of foot he had managed to outstrip his pursuers in the race. It is true he had made short work of climbing the tree and here again had very innocently beaten the bears at their own game, and in one which they took great pride. It is more than probable that the bears were in too good a condition to run well. Had it been in early spring time they would doubtless have been much lower in flesh.—That was their own fault too; they should have known that racing time cannot be made on high condition. After leaving their hibernating quarters, they should have been less given to a sumptious habit at the table.

Affairs were, however, by no manner of means settled. They had the daring trespasser on their domain treed, and almost within reach and, indeed, to keep out of the way of their uncomely claws, Kit was obliged to gather himself up in the smallest possible space and cling to the topmost boughs. The bears now allowed themselves a short respite for breathing, during which they gave vent to their wrath by many shrill screeches. Then they renewed their endeavors to force the hunter. Mounted on their hind paws, they would reach for him; but the blows with the stick, applied freely to their noses would make them desist. In vain did they exhaust every means to force the man to descend; he was not to be driven or coaxed. The hard knocks they had sustained upon their noses had aroused them almost to madness. Together they made one desperate effort to tear Kit from the tree. As in all their previous attempts they were foiled, and their ardor dampened and cooled by the drumming operations upon their noses, which, this time was so freely and strongly applied upon one of them as to make him lachrymate and cry out with pain. One at a time they departed; but it was not until they had been out of sight and hearing for some time that Kit considered it safe to venture down from the tree, when he hastened to regain and immediately to reload his rifle.

A Boy's Trials.

The Springfield *Republican* has a capital article on this subject. Here are some extracts:

HIS RGULATIONS WITH THE "OLD MAN."

We suppose that the first severe trial a boy has to undergo is to submit his will to the old man, whom he is taught to consider his father. To be restrained in doors at night, to be forbidden to go in swimming five times a day, or to be hindered from pinching the rest of the children just for fun, is an interference with natural inalienable rights, every way injurious to the feelings. And then, when upon some overwhelming temptation, the boy asserts his independence of parental control, and receives a "tanning" with a switch from a quince bush, either upon his back or his bare feet, it becomes really a very serious thing. We never could see that the smart of an operation like this was at all assuaged by the affectionate assurance that it was bestowed out of pure love.

SITTING WITH THE GIRLS.

The next great trial of that boy is to be obliged by a cruel master to sit with the girls at school. This usually comes before the development of those undeniable affinities which, in after life, would tend to make the punishment more endurable. To be pointed out as a "gal boy," to be smiled at grimly by the master, who is so far delighted with his own ineffable pleasantry, as to give the little boys license to laugh aloud, and to be placed by the side of a girl who had no handkerchief, and no knowledge of the use of that article, is, we submit, a trial of no mean magnitude. Yet we have been there, and have been obliged to "sit up close" with big Rachel, laughing and blushing, till we came to hate her name. We wonder where the overgrown, frowzy creature is now, and what the condition of her head is?

THE FIRST LONG-TAILED COAT.

We do not believe that any boy ever put on his first long tailed coat without a sense of shame. He first twists his back half off, looking at it in the glass, and then, when he steps out of doors, it seems to him as if all creation was in a broad grin. The sun laughs in the sky; the cows turn to look at him; there are faces at every window; his very shadow mocks him. When he walks by the cottage where Jane lives, he dares not look up for his life. The very boards creak with consciousness of the strange spectacle, and the old pair of pants that stop a light in the great window nod with derision. If he is obliged to pass a group of men and boys, the trial assumes its most terrific stage. His legs get all mixed up with embarrassment, and the flap of the dangling appendage is felt upon them, moved by the wind of his own agitation; he could not feel worse were it a dish-cloth, worn as a badge of disgrace. It is a happy time for him when he gets to the church, and sits down with his coat tail under him; but he is still apprehensive with thinking of the Sunday School, and wonders if any of the children will ask him to "swing his long tail blue."

GOING HOME WITH THE GIRLS.

The entrance into society may be said to take place after boyhood has passed away, yet a multitude take the initiative before their beards are presentable. It is a great trial, either to a tender or a tough age. For an overgrown boy to go to a door, or to knock or ring with absolute certainty that in two minutes all their eyes will be upon him, is a severe test of courage. To go before these girls, and make a satisfactory tour of the room without stepping on their toes, and then to sit down and dispose of one's hands, without putting them into one's pockets, is an achievement which few boys can boast. If a boy can get so far as to measure off ten yards of tape with one of these girls, and cut it short at each end, he may stand a chance to spend a pleasant evening, but let him not flatter himself that all the trials of the evening are over.—Then comes at last the breaking up. The dear girls don their hoods, and put on their shawls, and look so saucy and mischievous, and unimpressible, as if they did not wish any one to go home with them. Then comes the pinch, and the boy that has the most pluck makes up to the prettiest girl, his heart in his throat, and his tongue clinging to the roof of his mouth, and, crooking his elbow, stammers out the words, "Shall I see you home?" She touches her fingers to his arm, and they walk home about a foot apart, feeling as awkward as a couple of goslings. As soon as she is safe inside her own doors, he struts home, and thinks he has really been and gone and done it. Sleep comes to him at last, with dreams of Caroline and *crinoline*, and he awakes in the morning and finds the door of life open to him, and the pigs squealing for breakfast.

CONCLUDING REFLECTIONS.

We have passed over churning and learning the catechism, because we are fearful of making this article too long, although we might have talked of butter that would not be persuaded to come, and perplexities of a literary turn of mind, and a head that measured seven and a quarter when asked what the chief end of man was. Boyhood is a green passage in a man's experience, in more senses than one. It is a pleasant thing to think over and laugh about now, though it was serious enough then.—Many of our present trials are as ridiculous as those which now touch the risibles in the recollection: and when we get to the other world and look upon this, and upon the infancy of the soul through which we pass here, we have no doubt that we shall grin over the trials which we experienced when we lost our fortunes, when our mills were swept away or burned, and when we didn't get elected to the Legislature. Men are but boys of a larger growth.

Skill of the Camanches in the use of Arms.

In a private account of the recent great battle between the forces of Lieut. Van Dorn and the Camanches we find the following:

Most of the Indians were armed with bows and spears. The Camanche arrow is a formidable weapon, a full cloth yard long, and barbed with iron; at one hundred yards it is almost as deadly as a rifle ball, in fact making a far worse wound. The spears are frequently old Mexican sword blades ground sharp on both sides, and firmly fastened into a light, strong pole of mosquite wood. In the use of this weapon, as with the bow and arrow, they are very expert. They also carry scalping knives, but no tomahawks. They are generally well mounted, and ride with marvelous skill, using either rifles or bows with great dexterity while their horses are on a full gallop. In approaching an enemy they manage to shield themselves with the exception of an arm and one leg, hanging on the side of the horse, and in that position will discharge their arrow from under the horse's neck. Said our guide, "Old Ironsides," in speaking of the Camanche, "It's a mighty hard thing to hit a Camanche, anyhow, so as to kill him dead.—When they are mounted they ride all over a horse. I've seen 'em fire arrows from under his belly, and kill fellows while their horses were going like a flash. If you kill an Injun's horse he don't mind it, but keeps jumping around letting fly arrows and whooping like a mad devil. Almost any Injun will keep three arrows in the air at a time, and some on 'em four. I tell you a fellow's got to keep cool and draw a certain bead when he fights Camanches." To this proposition there being general assent, the old fellow went on. "Capt. Jim Oakes, of the 2d Cavalry was out on a scout about a year ago, and one day he came upon a little party of Injuns. The Capt's men fired and all the Injuns broke but one; he mounted and commenced firing, and Oakes says it was'nt two minutes before he had shot two soldiers and badly wounded five horses, with his d—d arrows."

"And did he escape?"

"No they got him. Oake's Orderly Sergeant, a first rate fellow, after firing two or three times, shot him in the head. But he was a mighty smart Injun."

Sensible Girl.

As a weary traveler was wending his way through the mud out in the far west he discovered a young maiden standing in the door of a small log house. He rode up in front of the house, and asked the maiden for a drink of water; he drank it, and she being the first woman he had seen for several days, kissed her and offered her a dime. The traveler was about to resume his journey, but the maiden having never seen a dime asked:

"What am I to do with the dime?"

"You can use it any way you wish," he replied, "it is yours."

"That being the case," said she, "I'll give you back the dime and take another kiss!"

COMPANY.—"I wish we could have company all the time, mother."

"Why, my dear?"

"Because father is so pleasent when company is here. He calls me "dear," and he kisses Henry, and sometimes he takes me with the baby on his knee. O! mother, when shall we have company again, I am so happy when father loves me!"

Little Sarah paused. Then she said:

"Mother, why does not our father love us all the time? It makes us so happy? And, O, didn't he smile so dearly on you to-day, mother? If he knew how much good it does he would be always so, wouldn't he, mother?"

☞What is the difference between a Dutchman on a feather-bed and a Know-Nothing?

One is Dutch on the down, and the other is down on the Dutch.

☞An Irishman near Boston, becoming greatly alarmed recently at the severity of the thunder and lightning, fell suddenly upon his knees, exclaiming;—'O Lord, forgive us and stop this.'

My Wife is the Cause of it.

It is not more than forty years ago that Mr. L. called at the house of Dr. B., one very cold morning, on his way to H.

"Sir," said the Dr., "the weather is very frosty—will you not take something to drink before you start?"

In that early day, ardent spirits were deemed indispensable to warmth for winter. When starting on a journey, and at every stopping place along the road, the traveller always used intoxicating drinks to keep him warm.

"No," said Mr. L., "I never touch anything of the kind—and I will tell you the reason—my wife was the cause of it! I had been in the habit of meeting some of my neighbors every evening, for the purpose of playing cards. We assembled at each other's shop, and liquors were introduced after while. We met not so much for the drinking, though I used to return home late in the evening, more or less intoxicated.—My wife always met me at the door, affectionately, and when I chided her for sitting up late for me, she kindly replied:

"I prefer doing so, for I cannot sleep when you are out."

"This always troubled me. I wished in my heart she would begin to scold me, for then I could have retorted, and thus relieved my conscience. But she always met me with the same gentle and loving spirit.

"Things passed on thus for some time, when I at once resolved that I would, by remaining late, and returning much intoxicated, provoke her so much as to cause her to lecture me, when I meant to answer her with severity, and thus, by creating another issue between us, unburden my bosom of its present trouble.

"I returned in such a plight about four o'clock in the morning. She met me at the door, with her usual tenderness and said:

"Come in, husband, I have just been making a warm fire for you."

"Doctor, that was too much. I could endure it no longer, and I resolved from that moment that I would never touch another drop as long as I lived, and I never will. It was a heavy trial of my wife's patience; but she fairly conquered me."

He held to his resolution, and lived and died practicing total abstinence from all intoxicating drinks, in a village which intemperance has ravaged as much as any other in the State.

That man was my father, and that woman my mother. The facts above related I received from the Doctor himself, while on a visit to my village, not long since.

☞A good looking Irishman, stopping at a hotel to warm himself inquired of the landlord, what was the news?

The landlord disposed to run upon him replied.

"They say the devil is dead."

"An' sure," says Pat, "that's news indade."

Shortly after, he went up to the bar, laid down some coppers and resumed his seat.

The landlord always ready for a customer, asked him what he would take.

"Nothing at all," said Pat.

"Why then did you put this money here?"

"An' sure sir, its the custom in my country, when a chap loses his daddy to give him a few coppers to help him pay for the wake."

☞"See there?" exclaimed a returned Irish soldier to a gaping crowd, as he exhibited, with great exultation, his tall hat with a bullet-hole in it; "look at that hole, will you? You see that if it had been a low-crowned hat, I should have been kilt outright!"

"But the shot is in the back of the hat," observed a bystander.

"Och, to be sure," replied Paddy, "bein' in a hurry, I had turned the back in front."

"Had you your knapsack in front, too, Paddy," said another, "I see a bullet-hole there?"

Paddy vamosed.

☞"The candles you sold me last night were very bad," said Suett to a tallow chandler.

"Indeed, sir," said he, "I'm very sorry for that."

"Yes, sir; do you know they burnt to the middle, and then wouldn't burn any longer?"

"You surprise me; what, sir? did they go out?"

"No, sir."

"What then?"

"They burnt shorter."

☞One of the deacons of a certain church asked the bishop if he usualy kissed the bride at weddings. "Always," was the reply, "And how do you manage when the happy pair are negroes?" was the next question. "In all such cases," replied the bishop, "the duty of kissing is appointed to the deacons."

☞A witty dentist, having labored in vain to extricate a decayed tooth from a lady's mouth, gave up the task with a felicitous apology, "The fact is, madam, it is impossible for anything bad to come from your mouth."

☞The Parson who prefaced his sermon with, "Let us say a few words before we begin," is about equal to the chap who took a short nap before he went to sleep.

☞An eminent painter was asked what he mixed his colors with to produce such an extraordinary effect. "I mix them with brains, sir," was his answer.

☞"Be content with what you have," as the rat said to the trap, when he saw that he had left part of his tail in it.

☞"Keep your dog away from me," said a dandy to a butcher boy. "Darn the dog, he's always after the puppies," said the boy.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, January 28, 1859.

B. F. Meyers & G. W. Benford, Editors.

Democratic Meeting.

The Democrats of Bedford county are requested to meet in Mass Meeting, at the Court House, in Bedford, on Monday evening of Court week, Feb. 14th. A delegate to represent Bedford county in the next Democratic State Convention, will be chosen by the meeting.

JACOB REED,
Chairman, Democratic Co. Com.

THE NEWS.

——The election for State officers by the Indiana Legislature resulted in the success of the Democratic ticket throughout; State Prison Director, Canal Commissioner, State Printer, State Agent and State Librarian, are all Democrats.

——The official majority of HODGES, Democrat, over CONKLING, Republican, for member of Congress from the sixth district of Illinois, is 4,063! A sound district, that!

——HON. ELI SLIFER has been elected State Treasurer of this State. Slifer is an old hanger-on at Harrisburg and his Black Republican friends acted in strict accordance with their principles in giving him office.

——The trial of the Franklin county murder case has resulted in the conviction of Daniel Funk of murder in the second degree. His sentence is five years and six months in the penitentiary. His brother who was tried with him, was acquitted.

——It is supposed that the Pacific Railroad project will not be successful during the present session of Congress.

——The London *Times*, the Emperor Napoleon and the Spanish Cortes are all "down" on President Buchanan's Message. A good sign, that.

THE HARMONIOUS "OPPOSITION."

Certain of the "Opposition" editors in this State, talk very confidently of a continued union of the divers elements of their patch-work organization. Like frightened school-boys in expectation of a sound threshing, they needs must "whistle to keep their courage up." They behold, in dismay, the jarring and discordant movements of their various selfish leaders; the ultra-Abolitionism of Seward, the intense "Americanism" of Crittenden, the Protective Tariff hobby of Cameron, and the uncompromising Free Trade-ism of the New York *Evening Post* and the Black Republicans of the Great West. Hence, the endeavor of these spoils-seekers to forestall in the minds of the unitiated and unobserving of their party, the impression which they fear may be made upon them, when the differences and dissensions among their captains, shall be noised abroad. But we apprehend that all the thunder of their editorial drums, cannot drown the sounds of the harsh discord which at present prevails in the "Opposition" camp.—The rank and file will soon take up the cry, one shouting for Seward, another for Crittenden, a third for Cameron, a fourth for Fremont, and so on to the end of the chapter of the factions, each striving to out-vie the other in his zeal for his particular candidate and idea. It is a plain and unobscurable truth, that the "Opposition" are at present hopelessly divided, completely cut up into cliques bitterly hostile to each other and ardently desiring each other's defeat. In proof of this we need but refer the reader to the recent debates in Congress. On a late occasion, MESSRS. WASHBURNE and GIDDINGS, both Black Republicans, made speeches in the House, shadowing forth as the platform of their party, the doctrine enunciated by Mr. Seward in his Rochester speech, viz: *the doctrine of antagonism between the North and the South.* Mr. MARSHALL, of Kentucky, a leading Know Nothing, replied to their speeches in fierce style. We give below the telegraphic report of his remarks, to which we ask the earnest attention of all such as still claim to be "Americans."

Mr. Marshall (Ky.) replied to the remarks of Mr. Washourne (Maine,) and Mr. Giddings.—He said the Republicans lost much of their strength at the last autumn elections. Hereafter the conservative men will refuse to coalesce with them. If a National ticket could be formed on the Compromise measures of 1850, there would be some hope of a return of a well regulated prosperity to the country. The new party which Mr. Washburne here led into the field under the banner of Senator Seward, was based on a single idea, and that was sectional, and it could not be much larger nor more respectable than the Abolition party of 1852, which supported Senator Hale for the Presidency. Mr. Marshall denounced the Democratic plan of "squatter sovereignty." He would not give the toss of a copper between it and the Wilmot proviso.

COMPELLED TO ACKNOWLEDGE.

Almost the entire press of the country has spoken out in approbation of the course pursued by GEN. BOWMAN, as Superintendent of Public Printing. Numbers even of the leading Opposition journals have awarded him credit for his straight-forward honesty. The editors of these papers are General Bowman's bitter political foes, and yet they are compelled to acknowledge him a good and true officer. Among them we observe the editor of the Cambria *Tribune*, which was wont to pour out the vials of its wrath quite copiously upon the devoted head of the General. So much for integrity in an office-holder.

CLAIM THE CREDIT.

As usual, when the Democracy succeed in carrying a measure which redounds to the benefit of the country, the Opposition now claim that *they* have brought about the recent reduction of the State Debt. We should like to see the man that could lay his hand on his heart and make such a declaration as that. The Opposition have not had a majority in our State Legislature for four years, and yet they claim to have passed laws which have operated to reduce the State Debt *twelve millions of dollars!* We should like to know *when* they passed them.

OPPOSITION ECONOMY.

It is really astounding to observe how particularly anxious Opposition office-holders are to reduce the expenditures of our State government. To show their profound concern for the interests of the tax-payer, we will briefly relate an incident that lately took place in the lower house of our State Legislature.—The seat of MR. OLIVER EVANS, a Democratic member from Philadelphia, was contested by a Black Republican, but Mr. Evans was pronounced fairly and properly elected. Now, be it remembered that this case underwent a strict investigation by a committee made up almost entirely of Opposition members, and be it also remembered that the present House is largely Opposition, the proportion being nearly two of the latter to one Democrat. With all these advantages in his favor, Mr. Evans' opponent was declared to have no right to the seat which he claimed. When the House had rendered this decision, one would have supposed that the matter was at an end. Quite different, however, was the opinion of the virtuous Opposition. It would never do to let their disappointed friend go home without reaping some benefit for his patriotic efforts to obtain a seat to which they were compelled to decide he was not entitled. So, presto! they vote him *five dollars per day* for every day he had been in attendance at Harrisburg, in his capacity as contestant for the seat of Mr. Evans! Our readers will, perhaps, remember that the men who squander the public funds in this style, are the same fellows who sometimes talk about the "extravagant expenditures" of Democratic officers.

A UNITED DEMOCRACY.

A recent Washington letter says: "Since my last communication, I find the work of uniting the Democratic party goes bravely on. This good work is fast destroying the hopes of Republicanism. Now that Judge Douglas has secured his seat in the Senate for six years longer, he cannot be driven to act farther against the Democratic party.—Forney is furious at this; he sees that he cannot use the fudge in gratifying his revenge against MR. BUCHANAN."

DEATH OF SAM'L BROWN, ESQ.

It becomes our mournful duty to record the death of SAMUEL BROWN, Esq., an old and highly esteemed citizen of this place, which took place, at his residence, on Tuesday last. Mr. Brown leaves a widow and daughter to whom his loss will be truly irreparable. May he rest in peace.

DEATH OF O. C. HARTLEY, ESQ.—We learn with pain the sudden decease of O. C. Hartley, Esq., formerly of this place, and later a citizen of Texas. Mr. Hartley was highly respected in this community and was looked upon by all who knew him as a rising man. Truly, "Death loves a shining mark."

☞The regular meeting of the "Young Men's Christian Association", will be held this (Friday) evening at the German Reformed Church. An Essay will be read by O. E Shannon, Esq.

☞Hon. Wm. P. Schell, of the Senate, Mr. McClure, of the House, and Canal Commissioner Scott, will please accept our thanks for valuable public documents.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the National Argus.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18th, 1859.

Prospects of harmony among the Democracy—Senator Douglas on the right track—Slidell and Douglas friends—Hickman refuses to drink to the health of Douglas—Forney for war on the President.

Never before have I seen a more favorable disposition on the part of the Democracy to heal up the breach occasioned by the disaffection of Douglas than at the present time. From present appearances, Douglas will soon again be in full fellowship with the Democratic Party.—If the gap is filled up, and the union between the Democratic party and Douglas, and those of the friends who wish the party well, completed, it will be a death blow to the hopes of the Opposition who expect to defeat us in 1860 by divisions in our ranks.

Forney, and a few of the *malignants* who revolve about him, and who echo and re-echo his will, are opposed to the union of the Democracy. Forney is for war. He desires Douglas to arise in the Senate and boldly denounce the Administration—to carry on the war to the knife, and the knife to the hilt, against the President. But Douglas is too old a stager to gratify the rash wishes of Forney, in his personal quarrel with Mr. Buchanan. He sees now that in opposing the Administration he is dividing and defeating the Democratic Party, and that a defeat of the Democracy may dissolve the Union and destroy our glorious Confederacy of States. Douglas has gone far enough; and if I can believe what I hear, Forney can neither coax him or drive him any farther. It is said that Mr. Douglas disavows all responsibility for the article which appeared in his home organ, the Chicago *Times*, abusing the President, and that he also disapproves of it.

The difficulty between Slidell and Douglas has been satisfactorily adjusted. Mr. Douglas dines with Mr. Slidell at 3 o'clock to-morrow. This I have from the best source.

It is said Senator Green will resign his position as Chairman of the Territorial Committee of the Senate, and Mr. Douglas invited to take his old place. I will not vouch for the truth of this.

The acceptation by Senator Douglas, of the invitation to attend the Democratic Senatorial caucus held on Saturday last, and his action in the deliberations in that body, show that he is disposed to do right once more.

EXPLOSION AT DUPONT'S POWDER MILL.—A despatch dated Wilmington, Jan. 20, informs us that at four o'clock that afternoon one of Dupont's powder mills, located in Hagley's yard, exploded with a terrific shock, there being a large quantity of powder in the yard at the time. Two of the workmen were killed. Their names are James Gibbons and John Grant. The shock was sensitively felt for a circuit of twenty miles or more, and caused much excitement among the citizens of Wilmington.

THE BROAD TOP COAL MINES.

We are under obligations to JOHN FULTON, Esq., Resident Engineer of the H. & B. T. R. R. Co., for an interesting table of statistics concerning the Broad Top Coal Mines, which we publish below. We also take the liberty of publishing the subjoined letter which accompanied the above-mentioned table; and in which our readers will likewise find some important items of information:

H. & B. T. R. R. & Coal Co.
Engineer's Office, Saxton, Jan. 14, '59.

Messrs. Meyers & Benford:
Editors Bedford Gazette:

Gentlemen:—I enclose a statement showing the coal business for the past year, with an exhibit of the collieries in this region at this time.

* * * * * *

The increase of Coal Shipments of 1858 over that of 1857, is 27,000 tons and the demand is increasing in a larger ratio. The number of miners at work in 1857, was 161; now there are 261, with house capacity for 530. Several new openings are being made, and extensive improvements constructed for the business of the year.

The price of Coal at Huntingdon, is $1.50 to $1.80 per ton. All the mines in this region, are worked by drifts above water level, thus discharging the water opened by workings.—There has not been observed up to this time, any generations of deleterious gases, and accidents to miners are of very rare occurence.

The steady increase of the Shipments of Coal from this region during the past year is the best testimonial that can be presented, as to its very superior quality and adaptability to the various uses of steam generation, and other purposes to which it has been applied.

Yours truly,
JOHN FULTON.

STATEMENT exhibiting the amount of coal mined and sent to market in 1858, from the Collieries in the B. T. Semi-bituminous Coal Region, with present facilities and estimated capacity for 1859.

Name of Colliery	Name of Operator.	Name of Proprietor.	Tons sent to market in 1858.	Length of Track, in and out of Mines. Outside Gauge, Miles.	Outside Gauge, ways, FEET.	All other parts, FEET.	Total, Miles.	Total, Feet.	Railroad sliding, FEET.	No. of miners at work.	No. of miners' houses.	Capacity with boarders.	Capacity of colliery in tons per day.	Estimated value of colliery fixtures.
Prospect.	R. B. Wigton.	H. & B. T. R. R. & C. Co.	11756		500	1102		1602	1102	30	8	25	100	$5,000
No. 1	A. Patrick.	Do.	15604		1015	1800		2815	970	35	15	50	250	9,000
M. & P.	R. H. Powel.	Do. & R. H. Powel.	24132		232	1816		2878	955	75	13	45	250	10,000
No. 3.	Simpson, Mcgahan & Co.	H. & B. T. R. R. & C. Co.	3412		450	602		1841	955	75	12	45	250	10,000
No. 4.	R. B. Wigton.	Do.	1892		266	728		1711	647	11		10	25	3,000
No. 5.		Do.			295	150		1711						
Powelton.	R. H. Powel.	Do.	6243		66			196						
Barnes.	Orbison, Dorris & Co.	Orbison Dorris & Co.	22765		826	3710	1	1022	698	14		75	100	10,000
Blair.	David Blair.	H. & B. T. R. R. & C. Co. & Blair.	7340		707	7500		2246	1129	35	14	100	400	40,000
Mooredale, No. 1.	Ammerman & Persing.	Semi-Anthracite Co.	87		600	470		2227	763	25	9	45	150	15,000
Do. No. 2.		Do. Do.	1652		777	1100		2769	778	12	10	40	150	15,000
Friendship.		W. Cummings, & Co.	10		209	350		2769			12	10	25	3,000
Cook.		B. T. Improvement Co.	2277			100		2769			10	30	100	10,000
Riddlesburg.	B. A. Osborne.	Lancaster Co.	1722		200	206		2769			10	40	100	10,000
Hopewell.	Hopewell Coal & Iron Co.	Hopewell Coal & Iron Co.	269		240	1160		2769			10	40	100	10,000
					500	450		2769			10	40	100	10,000
Totals.			105719	805	15564	29908	8	51172	13918	293	129	630	2805	$85,000

THE CUBAN QUESTION.—The following is the reply of the President to the resolution of the Senate, asking for information concerning correspondence which may have passed between this Government and Spain, relative to the purchase of Cuba:

To the Senate of the United States:

I transmit herewith a report from the Secretary of State in answer to a resolution of the Senate of the 18th instant, requesting the President, if not incompatible with the public interest, "to communicate to the Senate any and all correspondence between the Government of the United States and the Government of her Catholic Majesty relating to any proposition for the purchase of the island of Cuba, which correspondence has not been furnished to either House of Congress." From this it appears that no such correspondence has taken place which has not already been communicated to Congress. In my late annual message I stated, in reference to the purchase of Cuba, that the "publicity which has been given to our former negotiations on this subject, and the large appropriations which may be required to effect the purpose, render it expedient, before making another attempt to renew the negotiation, that I should lay the whole subject before Congress." I still entertain the same opinion, deeming it highly important, if not indispensable to the success of any negotiation which I might institute for the purpose, that the measure should receive the previous sanction of Congress.

JAMES BUCHANAN.

Washington, January 21, 1850.

[From the Detroit Free Press, Jan. 4.]

Amalgamation!

THE BLACK REPUBLICAN THEORY REDUCED TO PRACTICE!!

A white heiress elopes with a Negro!!!

A young girl named Sarah Judson, whose father lives on a fine property a mile or two from Pontiac, eloped on Saturday and came to Detroit. The partner of her flight was a black man, who had been in the employment of her father for some time in the capacity of a farm hand. The first intimation that the father had of the intention of the parties was conveyed by the fact of their flight. They imediately passed over to Windsor, upon reaching this city, fully sensible that they never could accomplish their unnatural designs on this side, as no official or clergyman could have been found who would have so far transgressed the bounds of decency as to unite the couple, the appearance of the girl being such as would forbid the union in the mind of any sensible man, to say nothing of the law in the case. Some individual was found in Canada who performed the ceremony, however, and the two were made one. They are now in Windsor, enjoying the sweets of the honeymoon.

The brother of the girl came on the next day, arriving here on Sunday, and, ascertaining their whereabouts, went to her and implored her to return. She was contented, however—loved her ebony half—was happy in his arms, and could'nt think of going back. The emotions of a brother at such a sight can better be imagined than described. Some men would have blotted out their disgrace with a single blow, but he had been taught that it was no sin against God or man that his young sister should repose in the embrace of a negro, and at the same time calmly look him in the face and say that she was contented. He went home as he had come, alone.

The girl is about eighteen years old. The family are said to have occupied a position in society which was first class, and the blow is consequently a terrible one. The father is rich, and the girl an heiress, which makes it very nice for the African of her choice. The matter has caused an intense excitement in the neighborhood where the parties are well known, the girl having been born and brought up where her parents reside. It is difficult to imagine any train of circumstances by which a young and intelligent girl could be brought to form a connection so repugnant to all the senses, yet the fact exists. A more complete retribution for the crime of fanaticism we never heard of. The least we can wish is, that the father, undoubtedly well cured of his belief by this time, may be able to save his young daughter from the terrible future which now opens to her.

The *Free Press* says the father is a "red-hot Abolitionist," and has always advocated amalgamation, and the girl has been reared under the demoralizing influences of such abhorrent principles.

Further particulars.

The *Free Press* of a later date gives further particulars of the affair:

The late rumpus in the family affairs of the amalgamationist Judson, caused by his daughter's running away with a negro, has excited the talkative propensities of his neighbors, who give publicity to numerous little incidents which go to show what makes up men of his creed. Some time since, as they aver, a young man was engaged to marry the girl Sarah, the heroine of the nasty elopement, and returned home from San Francisco, California, for that purpose. His father and the Judson family were neighbors, and the pious Judson, having quarreled with the young man's father, the cause of the dispute being two bushels of apples, refused to allow him to attend his son's wedding. The young man, naturally indignant at such consummate meanness, coolly pocketed a gold watch which he had given his affianced, and informed the amiable Judson, that if his father could'nt come he could'nt come himself. This is the case of disappointed love which the old hypocrite now avers is the cause of his daughter's last freak, to account for which it is only necessary to take the further statements of his neighbors, who say that the nigger Joe was treated in the family in the same manner as the children: that he ate with them, slept in the same room, and went to church with the family, being in all respects exalted above any decent white laborer in the vicinity. The son openly avows that the affair is a just retribution for the detestable course which his father has always taken in this respect. According to the assertions of those who knew the latter well, he has often avowed his preference to having his daughter marry a negro than a Democrat. If his present imbecile hatred to everything in the shape of a nigger, brought about by the ruin of his daughter through himself, is any indication, he has changed his mind.

The modern Othello came near falling a victim to the treachery of some wags who were entrusted by the girl's father with a message from him. When he prevailed upon his daughter to return home with him, it was by the exercise of arts that might be expected from such a source, viz: promises that the negro might come and see her whenever he chose, and stay as long as he liked in the exercise of his marital privileges. When he got out of reach however, he sent back word that he would shoot him if he ever came. Those who bore the message reversed it, and informed the love-lorn darkey that he was to go to Pontiac the next day, when he would be once more received into the arms of his Dulcinea. They calculated there would be some fun in case he could be persuaded to go, for although no body imagined that her family had spirit enough to touch him, even should he march into their midst, yet it was well known that the people in the vicinity for miles around were so incensed that they would have hung him on the spot, had he showed himself. Like the frogs in the fable, it would have been fun for the wags, but death to the nigger. He took the bait and packed up his portmanteau, but, as he was about to take the cars the next morning, was shown the *Free Press*, by which he was informed the true state of affairs, and enabled to save his black skin from a roasting.

The style of living which the young woman was introduced to on the first day of the honey-moon is worth noticing. Her sable lover, in pursuance of an intention to set up housekeeping, brought some dishes and old furniture, and the two moved into a board shanty in the back part of Windsor. This was in the negro quarter, which, it is needless to say, comprises several quarters of the whole town, and was surrounded by about fifty more negro shanties. The occupants of these, quite taken by surprise, turned out *en masse*, and the bridal calls of the young wife consisted of an indiscriminate rush of darkeys of all ages, sexes, colors and varieties. The only room she had was filled with these odorous visitors from morning till night, who gazed at her with open mouths, while little ebonies climbed upon the roof, peeped in the window, and stole her corn bread. It is estimated by competent Windsor authorities that she received a thousand calls the first day.—How she got through with her receptions is unknown, but, considering the fact that she had been brought up in decency, it is natural to suppose that her stomach must have rebelled occasionally, notwithstanding the inculcations of her father, who believed them good enough for her until they actually got her.

The story which the parent circulated, to the effect that she was insane, and that he should put her in an asylum, is all bosh. No insane asylum would admit her, as she has given not the slightest sign of insanity.

[From the Chicago Press, January 18.]

IMPORTANT DECISION.

DEEDS FROM PRE-EMPTORS.—The Supreme Court of Minnesota has decided that a deed made by a pre-emptor, at any time before the entry and receipt of his duplicate certificate from the District Land Office, is a valid deed, and conveys the *fee* simple to the purchaser.—The case before the court was this:

Anson Northrup in 1855 pre-empted forty acres and a fraction in Minneapolis, embracing the St. Anthony Falls water-power on the west side of the river, now of immense value. He sold and conveyed this property by a warantee deed to Isaac Atwater, who re-conveyed the property again to Hon. Robert Smith, of Illinois and others, composing the Minneapolis Water Power Company. After the issuance of the patent, Northrup again made a deed of conveyance to George A. Camp, who accordingly entered into possession of certain lots in Minneapolis laid out a portion of the property pre-empted. Smith brought a suit in the District Court to eject him, and gained the cause in that Court.

The case was appealed to the Supreme Court with the result above stated. It was contended by the defence that the conveyance by Northrup to Atwater was void under the act of Congress of 1841, which declares that any assignment or transfer of pre-empted land before the actual issuance of the patent shall be absolutely void. The Courts held otherwise, and the Minneapolis Water Power Company was put into full possession of its valuable property.

DEATH OF THE VICTIM OF A LEGAL ERROR.—A Paris correspondent gives the following sad history of one Lesiner: The 30th of June, 1848, he was tried, convicted, and sentenced to the "hulks" for life, as being guilty of murder and arson. He was in the hulks treated as a convict for seven years, when it was discovered that he was *innocent* of the crimes, the true culprit having confessed his guilt. The government did everything they could to atone for the error: they made him chief commissary of administrative inspection of the southern railways, and gave his father a tobacco seller's place; but seven years of agony seven years spent in conscious innocence and proclaimed guilt, are too heavy trials for human nature, and the unhappy man died a day or two ago, only six-and-thirty years old, and only two years since his liberation. Instances of these mistakes are not unfrequent in France, where the criminal practice is very imperfect, and the judge is made the prosecuting Attorney. But the French hold it is better that ten innocent should suffer, than one guilty man should escape.

SENDING NEWSPAPERS AND PAMPHLETS TO EUROPE.—Persons who send newspapers and pamphlets to Europe, should be careful not to inclose them in wrappers; as it subjects them to letter postage, generally so high that the papers are refused by the persons to whom they are directed. A gentleman just returned from England, informs us that he saw baskets of American papers and pamphlets in one of the English Post-offices, which had been thrown aside on this account. If the newspapers are tied around with a piece of twine cord, they will go as well as if in a wrapper, and the postage is then the ordinary price for newspapers. The fact that many papers and pamphlets fail to reach persons in England and France, to whom they are directed, may be accounted for in this way.

A Negro Running for Representative in Maine.—An election for Representative, to fill the place of Wm. Chase, resigned, took place in Portland Me., on the 18th inst. Neal Dow the great temperance and negro-equality champion and a colored man named Peter Francis, were the principal competitors. There being but an indifferent selection of candidates, comparatively few votes were cast; but the people generally preferred the white man to the Republican of a darker shade, and so "temperance and freedom" triumphed by a majority of 772 votes. How Neal Dow could have conscientiously lent himself to defeat so rare an opportunity for the practical elevation of the colored race, we can't conjecture.

☞A suspension bridge just erected over the St. John River, at Grand Falls, C. W., by Mr. Tomlinson, and which had just been opened to the public, fell on Saturday last, in consequence of the chains snapping. The local paper says three teams were lost, and two men seriously injured. The bridge was suspended over the chasm on chains, and from the description given by eye-witnesses, it bids fair to prove a most durable structure. The contract price was £4,500, but it is said to have cost considerably more. The cause of the disaster was most probably owing to the contraction of the iron during the severe cold last week.

The Best Cough Remedy Known.—There is no doubt about the fact that Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Cough Syrup is one of the most remarkable cough medicines, now offered to the public. Old cases of lung disease, bronchial, and every variety of lung disease, have yielded to its wonderful powers, and we therefore feel no hesitation in recommending our readers who may be afflicted in that way to try it. There is very little cost attending the purchase of a bottle, which even though it should not cure, it will do no harm. We know Dr. Keyser to be a regular physician; conscientious in the discharge of his business, and our readers will find it safer to trust such a man's statements, than hundreds of those who are unknown to the community.

Sold by Sam'l Brown, Bedford, and Colvin's, Schellsburg.

MARRIED:

On the 20th inst., by the Rev. H. Heckerman, Mr. William Fisher, of Schellsburg, to Miss Susan Suters, of Napier tp.

NEWS FROM EUROPE.—We have interesting and important news from Europe, by the arrival at New York of the steamship City of Washington, with the English dates to the 5th. At the New York levee, at the Tuileries, the Emperor Napoleon made a threatening remark to the Austrian Minister, which attracted great attention. The reports growing out of the affair caused a panic, and a decline of one per cent. on the Paris Bour, and a half per cent. on Consuls at London. The Emperor's words were—"I regret that our relations with your government are not so good as they were, but I request you to tell your Emperor that my personal feelings for him have not changed."—The emphatic tone of the Emperor, and his animated gesture, attracted the attention of the assembled diplomatic corps. At Vienna, also, a panic prevailed under the rumor that Austria would send troops to Belgrade. Italy continues unsettled, and Lombardy in particular. The news from all parts is pregnant with alarm.—The steps taken in Lombardy are almost tantamount to a state of seige. The Spanish ministry have declared that Spain would never sell Cuba, and protested against the insulting hypothesis to the contrary implied in President Buchanan's message. Olozaga introduced a motion in the Cortes supporting the ministerial declaration, and it was unanimously affirmed. Spain has obtained full satisfaction from Mexico in the Tampico affair. Rumors prevail of the discovery of a formidable conspiracy at Cracow. Numerous arrests of parties said to be implicated have been made in Cracow. All was quiet in Servia. The Bombay mail of December 9, had reached England. The news includes an account of a large army of rebels having been defeated by the commander-in-chief. The amnesty was slowly but effectually thinning the ranks of the rebels, giving promise of an early peace.

LATER FROM HAITI.—We have just received the first official bulletin of the army of the Haytien Emperor. It gives a diary of the movements of the army from December 28th to Jan. 3d, but contains little worthy of repetition.

On the 30th a small French boat, manned by four men, and bringing M. Clesca to Gonaves, was seized, and the arrested persons detained until evening, and then allowed to continue its course.

On the 2d January the Emperor inspected the army. On the 3d the Emperor visited the ramparts constructed during the night, and was subsequently told that the insurgents, who occupied a position on the river Mont-Roins, had fled, leaving their ammunition.

The Imperial troops then occupied the evacuated position. The most perfect order reigns, and the army exhibits no signs of disaffection.

The bulletin of course treats the revolution, of which we have heretofore had only the insurgents' accounts, from the Souloque point of view, as a mere temporary riot, not endangering the stability of the empire.

☞During the past year Lynn has manufactured more than 16,000,000 pair of shoes. The shoe business of Massachusetts is valued at $40,000,000 a year, and one-half the shoes made in this State are manufactured in Lynn—so the thriving city of Lynn annually manufactures $20,000,000 worth of shoes. Lynn is not to be beaten in the shoe business, says the *Reporter*.

☞The *Alta Californin* is informed that there has been found within the limits of the town of Molcano, in Amador county, a marble quarry which promises to equal that of Carrara The quarry is a very large one, being 2,000 feet long, and 150 feet deep. Much of the marble is equal to the first class Carrara in toughness and fineness of grain, and whiteness of color, and there is an abundance of the rock equal in quality to the second class Carrara.

JURY LIST,

DRAWN for February Term (14th day,) 1859.

Bedford Borough—George Stiffler.
Bedford Tp—Dr Geo W Anderson, Jeremiah Bowles
Geo K Lysinger, Fred'k Schnebly.
Broad Top—Jacob Rinehart.
Cumb Valley—Jesse Ash, Nicholas Boor, Samuel Elliott, John C Vickroy.
Harrison—Adam F Miller.
Juniata—Jos Dull, Esq., Wm Keyser, Peter F Lehman, Esq., Jas Burns jr., Lewis F Ferner, Alvey Boylan.
Liberty—Daniel Stoler.
Londonderry—Wm Cook, John Evans.
Monroe—Wm Defibaugh, Martin Evans.
M Woodberry—Daniel Boyer, John Zook, Esq., Jeremiah Mentzer, John Keith, Samuel Hare.
Napier—Henry Taylor.
St Clair—Samuel Griffith, Michael Miller.
Schellsburg—Ab'm A Bunn.
S Woodberry—Samuel Nicodemus, Robert Ralston, Adam Kettering.
Southampton—Mark Howsare.
Snake Spring—John Smouse.
Union—Wm Berkheimer.

GRAND JURORS.

Bedford Bor—Henry Reimund.
Bedford tp—Michael Holderbaum.
Broad Top—Geo W Figard.
Coleram—Chas Pencil, Jon Harklerood.
Cumb Valley—Lewis May.
E Providence—Jacob M Barnet, Chas McLaughlin.
Hopewell—James Fink.
Liberty—Geo Fluck.
Napier—John Whetstone, Philip Cuppett.
M Woodberry—Jas Madara, Henry S Fluck, Reuben Mock.
Monroe—George Steckman.
Southampton—Geo Tewell, Alex Fletcher.
Schellsburg—Duncan McVicker, Esq.
West Providence—Solomon Williams, Jos Fisher, Thomas H Murray.
Union—Michael Weyant.

NOTICE.

The following persons have filed their petitions for License in the Clerk's Office, to be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of Bedford County, on Tuesday, the 15th day of Febuary next.

Shannon Mullin,	Bedford Tp.
John B. Castner,	Broadtop "
Fredrick Hildebrant,	Juniata "
Joseph Gondon,	" "
David Hagey,	Liberty "
William Dibert,	E. Providence
Phillip Steckman,	W. Provicence
P. G. Morgart,	"
Frederick Berkhimer,	St. Clair "
Clerk's Office, Jan. 28, 1859	SAM'L H. TATE. Clerk

Drugs and Books.

DR. F. C. REAMER & S. J. WAY,

HAVE formed a partnership in the *DRUG and BOOK* BUSINESS, will constantly keep on hand at their establishment in Julianna Street, a complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes of all kinds, Patent Medicines, Lamps, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c. &c. together with an extensive collection of School and Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books, Common and Fancy Stationery, &c. which they offer at greatly reduced prices for cash. Bedford, Jan. 21, 1859.

TOOTHACHE.—This disease can be cured by DR. KEYSER'S TOOTHACHE REMEDY, prepared by him in Pittsburg, Pa., which is put up in bottles and sold at 25 cents each. It is an excellent medicine, when diluted, for spongy and tender gums, and is worth ten times its price to all who need it.—Sold at Samuel Brown's, Bedford, and at J. E. Colvins, Schellsburg. Nov. 26, '58-6m.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

To the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables in the different Townships in the County of Bedford, Greeting.

KNOW YE that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon. **FRANCIS M. KIMMELL,** President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Sixteenth District, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Bedford, Somerset and Fulton, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace: and JOHN G. HARTLEY and A. J. SNIVELY, Esqs., Judges of the same Court, in the same County of Bedford, You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations, and other remembrances before the Judges aforesaid, at Bedford, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden for the county of Bedford, aforesaid, on the 2d Monday of February, (being the 14th day,) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day there and then to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Bedford, on the 14th day of January, in the year of our Lord 1859.

WILLIAM S. FLUKE, *Sheriff.*

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons interested, are hereby notified that the following named accountants have filed their accounts in the Register's Office of Bedford county; and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court in and for said county for confirmation, on Tuesday, the 15th day of February, next, at the Court House, in Bedford.

The account of Joseph Imler, administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Fickes, late of Union township, deceased.

The account of John Mower, Esq., guardian of Caroline Conley, formerly Caroline Miller, one of the daughters of Thomas B. Miller, dec'd.

The second account of Samuel Brown, Esq., surviving executor of the last will, &c., of John Keefle, late of Bedford township, deceased.

The account of John Blankley, Esq., guardian of the minor children of John Grubb, late of Monroe township, deceased.

The account of John L. Grove, administrator of the estate of David F. Cheney, late of Monroe township, deceased.

The account of Mahala Weimer, administratrix of the estate of James Weimer, late of Monroe township, deceased.

The account of Thomas G. Wright, administrator of the estate of Rebecca Wright, late of St. Clair township, deceased.

The account of Adam Burgerd, guardian of Sarah Shelley, and of the minor children of Jacob Shelley, late of South Woodberry township, dec'd.

The account of Joseph Dull, Esq., guardian of Phœbe, Catharine and Susan Suerly, minor children of William Suerly, late of Juniata township dec'd.

The account of Joseph Dull, Esq., administrator of the estate of Isaac Gochenour, late of Juniata tp., deceased.

The account of Benjamin Hull, Esq., Executor of the last will, &c., of Hannah Hull late of Napier tp., deceased.

The account of David Gochenour, executor of the last will, &c., of J. Gochenour late of Union township, dec'd.

The account of John C. Riffle, Esq., administrator of the estate of Jacob Riffle, late of Juniata tp., deceased.

The account of John B. Longenecker, administrator of the estate of Abel Griffith, late of Middle Woodberry tp., dec'd.

The account of David Lingenfelter, administrator of the estate of Abraham Lingenfelter, late of Napier tp., dec'd.

The account of Daniel Shock, Esq., administrator of the estate of Samuel Cartwright, late of Union tp., deceased.

The final account of Jacob Beckley, Esq., administrator of the estate of Benjamin Hancock, late of St. Clair tp., deceased.

The account of O. E. Shannon, Esq., administrator of the estate of Louisa Hammer, late of Cincinnati, Ohio.

The account of O. E. Shannon, Esq., administrator of the estate of Kinzey Ake, late of Union tp., deceased.

The account of John C. Vickroy, administrator of the estate of Susan Bruner, late of Cumberland Valley tp., dec'd.

The account of Daniel Helsel, administrator of the estate of Jacob Helsel, late of Bedford township deceased. SAM'L H. TATE, Register.

Register's Office, Jan. 21, 1859.

Notice.

HAVING disposed of the one-half of my Drug Store to DR. S. J. WAY, I therefore desire all persons indebted to me on book account, to come and settle, as it is important that all standing accounts should be settled and the books closed. This request is reasonable and I expect a speedy compliance.

jan. 7, '59. F. C. REAMER.

Auditor's Notice.

IN the matter of the citation to the Executors of the last Will, &c., of Daniel Wisegarver, dec'd—the undersigned appointed auditor to ascertain and report whether any, and if any, what part of the lands should be sold, rented, &c., will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, on Thursday, the 10th day of February, next, when and where all persons interested can attend. R. D. BARCLAY,

Jan. 7, 1859. Auditor.

De Lunatico Inquirendo.

THE undersigned appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford county, to inquire whether George Owe, of Union township be a Lunatic, or not, &c., will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, on Tuesday, the 25th day of January, next, when and where all persons interested can attend.

R. D. BARCLAY,

January 7, 1858. Commissioner.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

IN the matter of the citation to William Smith, administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Smith, dec'd. The undersigned appointed auditor to take testimony and report the facts in this case, will attend for that purpose, at his office, in Bedford, on Thursday, the 27th day of January, inst., when and where all persons interested may attend.

Jan 7, 59. JOHN MOWER, Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration having been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned, upon the estate of Peter Barndollar, late of West Providence township, deceased.—Notice is therefore given to all persons indebted to said estate to come and settle their accounts, and those having claims against it, will please present them duly authenticated.

JAS. M. BARNDOLLAR,

jan 7, '59. of Bloody Run, Adm'r.

WALL AND BLIND PAPER.

Dr. B. F. HARRY is our agent for this necessary article. By calling at his store our patrons will see samples of our papers. We have made our Spring selection with much care, and think we cannot fail to please.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,

Chambersburg

ROSS FORWARD. O. H. GAITHER.

Forward & Gaither,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Bedford, Penn'a.

ROSS FORWARD & O. H. GAITHER of Somerset, have opened a law office in Bedford, Pa. O. H. Gaither, having located permanently in Bedford, will be assisted during every Court by the former. All business entrusted to their care will be promptly and carefully attended to. Office on Juliana street two doors South of the Inquirer office.

A CARD.

Allegheny Male and Female Seminary,

RAINSBURG, Pa.

The summer term will open Aug. 5th. Fall term, Oct. 21st, 1858, and winter term, Jan. 18th. Spring term, April 5th, 1859.

☞Circulars with full particulars may be had of W. W. BRIM, A. B., Principal.

N. B. Half the tuition must be paid in *advance*. Students coming to this institution will be conveyed free of charge from Bedford, on the 17th January, by addressing a letter to Mr. Samuel Williams, of Rainsburg.

Rainsburg, Bedford co., June 4, '57-1y.

KIMMELL HOUSE,

C STREET,

Between Four-and-a-half and Sixth Streets,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

A. F. KIMMELL, Proprietor.

E. V. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

Washington City, Dec. 10, 57-1y.

J. W. LINGENFELTER,

Attorney at Law and Land Surveyor,

Will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.

WILL PRACTICE IN BEDFORD AND FULTON COUNTIES.

☞Office one door West of the Union Hotel.

J. W. SCOTT.

(Late of the firm of Winchester & Scott.)

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store and

SHIRT MANUFACTORY,

No. 814 Chestnut Street,

(Nearly opposite the GIRARD HOUSE.)

PHILADELPHIA.

J. W. SCOTT, would respectfully call the attention of his former friends to his new Store, and is prepared to fill orders for SHIRTS at short notice. A perfect fit guarantied. COUNTRY TRADE supplied with FINE SHIRTS and COLLARS.

October, 8, 1858-1y.

Ho! For Kansas.

THE subscriber has now for sale a splendid CAMERA with stock and "fixins"—also a GOOD BROWN MARE; both or either of them will be sold low.

JACOB SCHELL.

Schellsburg, Jan. 14, 1859.

$500 A YEAR.—Wanted, an Active, Honest man in every county in the States, to travel and canvass for the NEW YORK OMNIBUS—a beautifully illustrated monthly journal.—To suitable, active men, a salary of $500 per year and a small commission will be paid. Address.

C. P. BRITTON, *Publisher*, 80 *Beekman st., New York.*

SURVEYING.

O. H. GAITHER will promptly attend to all surveying business that may be entrusted to him. Office on Juliana street, two doors South of the Inquirer office.

For Sale.

THE undersigned, intending to retire from business, offers her entire Stock of Goods at wholesale. To any one wishing to engage in merchandising, this offer presents a favorable opportunity, as the location is a good one, room newly fitted up, goods almost all new, and a good run of custom established. For further information, address

Mrs. H. D. PEUGH,

jan 21, '59. Bedford, Pa.

NOTICE.

THE public are hereby cautioned against harboring or trusting my wife Sarah, on my account, as she has left my bed and board without just cause, or provocation, and I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting.

JOHN A POTTS.

Southampton tp., Jan. 21, '59.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration having been granted to the suqscribers, living in Colerain Township, on the estate of Samuel Diehl, late of said Township dec'd., all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY P. DIEHL,
ANDREW KOONS,

Dec. 24, 1858. *Adm'rs.*

Dissolution.

THE firm of Taylor & Mowry is dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued at the old stand by John Taylor who will hold himself ready at all times to accommodate the public with LEATHER, on the most reasonable terms. The books of the firm will remain in the hands of John A. Mowry, for settlement—and all persons interested are earnestly requested to call and make settlement at once. All those neglecting this notice may expect after the *first day of February, next*, to find their accounts in the hands of an officer for collection.

Dec. 31, 1858. TAYLOR & MOWRY.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, upon the estate of Kinzey Ake, late of Union township, deceased, —all persons, therefore, knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

O. E. SHANNON,

Dec. 31, 1858. of Bedford Bor., Adm'r.

PLASTER.

200 TONS of superior Windsor Blue Plaster, just received and for sale at the "Cumberland Mills," at the following rates, viz:—

Per ton, ground	$8 00
" " in stone,	6 50
" barrel,	1 50

CASH will be paid for all kinds of grain, or taken in exchange for plaster at the highest market price. JESSE T. BEAL

Cumberland, Jan. 7, '59.

STATEMENT *of the Receipts and Expenses of the Bedford and Stoystown Turnpike Road Company, from the first day of January, 1858, to the third day of January, 1859.*

To balance in the Treasury, 1st January, 1858,		$672 90½
To amount of tolls received in the year '58		1824 23½
		$2497 14½
By amount of expenditures during same time,	$1672 56	
Balance in the Treasury at settlement, including bad and uncurrent money,	824 57½	
	$2497 13½	

No dividend was made.

EMANUEL STATLER, President.

PETER SCHELL, Treasurer.

The Board adopted the following resolution, 3d January, 1859.

Resolved, That the gate keepers of the Bedford and Stoystown Turnpike Road Company, are hereby directed not to trust any person for toll hereafter—and that suits be instituted against any person who shall attempt in any way to defraud the Company out of its toll, or shall neglect, or refuse to stop to pay toll at any toll house of the Company. And that John P. Reed, Esq., or some other attorney be employed to attend to such suits for the fine accrued by such conduct, and that the gate-keepers are required to give notice to such Attorney, or the Treasurer, President, or any of the Managers of the Company; of such offender forthwith, in person, or by writing, and that this resolution be published in the Bedford Papers.

EMANUEL STATLER, President,

PETER SCHELL, Sec'y. (jan 7, 1859.)

BEDFORD COUNTY, SS.

L S *The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,* To William A. Irwin and —— his wife, and his heirs, and James N. Lane, and —— his wife and his heirs, and all others interested in the premises, GREETING:

We command and firmly enjoin you, that laying aside all business whatever, you be and appear before the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the said County, to be held in Bedford, on the 14th day of February, next, to show cause, if any you have, why the witnesses on behalf of Peter F. Kepler, Leonard G. Kepler and John Whiting, on their complaint against you, before our said Court duly exhibited, should not be examined and their testimony reduced to writing and filed of record in our said Court, in order to perpetuate the same, agreeably to the Constitution of our said Government, and the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. Hereof fail not at your peril.

Witness the Honorable F. M. Kimmell, Esq., President of our said Court, at Bedford, the 23d day of November, 1858. S. H. TATE,

Jan. 14, 1859. Proth'y.

FOR SALE, or Trade.

A FARM WITHIN ONE

mile of the Rail Road and two miles of Stonerstown, in the Broad Top Coal region, containing about 160 acres, being good bottom land—about one-half cleared and the balance well timbered. The farm is well improved, and a fine spring of excellent water at the door of the house—also two good orchards of fruit trees on the premises.

ALSO,

A farm in Morrison's cove, adjoining lands of David Stuckey, Barley's heirs, Jacob Furry and others, containing about 200 acres, one half cleared and the balance well timbered, with an abundance of locust and chestnut timber. There are several never failing springs upon the premises with a constantly stream running through the farm. There is also a large and thrifty young orchard bearing fruit thereon. The improvements are a rough cast House, Log Barn and out buildings.

ALSO,

160 acres of land in Harrison County, Iowa, of first class prairie, close to timber and within a few miles of the Missouri river above Council Bluffs.

ALSO,

334 acres in Story county, Iowa.

ALSO,

113 acres in Pottowattamie county, Iowa, near Council Bluffs.

ALSO

Lot no 8 of block 53 in the city of Omaha, Nebraska Territory.

ALSO,

640 acres in Ripley County, Missouri.

—ALSO—

1280 acres of land in Austin county, Texas, East of the Brazos River on the Texas Central Rail Road, which runs through the land. It is well watered being upon the head waters of Cypress Creek.

—ALSO—

220 acres in Comanche county, Texas, on Wresler's Creek, 4 miles East of the Leon River, and on the line of the Memphis and El Paso Rail Road, now in process of construction.

ALSO,

The farm in Morrison's Cove, adjoining Bloomfield Furnace, known as the "Pearson property" lately owned by David Daniels, containing 131 acres and 60 perches, with excellent orchard of fruit trees thereon and never failing water at the door. The improvements are one large frame House, one log House and barn, with convenient out-buildings. The land is good—produces well and is in a high state of cultivation. A good pike is close by leading to Hollidaysburg which with the Furnaces make a ready market at the door for all kinds of produce.

Jan. 7, '59. O. E. SHANNON.

Short Settlements make long Friends.

Attention is called to the above motto, by the undersigned, and all persons knowing themselves indebted to him on book account or otherwise, to call at his store, on or before the 15th January, inst., and settle their accounts by CASH or NOTE. I am determined to have my books settled up. A word to the wise is sufficient.

ISAAC LIPPEL.

Jan. 7, '59

STATEMENT of Receipts and Expenditures of the Bedford Hall Association, from its organization in 1851, to 31st Dec., 1858, inclusive.

RECEIPTS.

Cash paid in on 870 shares of capital stock,		$1096 50
Aggregate of received,	$1186 96	
Cash from Insurance Company,	163 12	
Miscellaneous,	4 00	1654 08
Total.		$5750 58

EXPENDITURES.

Cash paid on purchase of Real Estate, including interest,		$1120 98	
Cash paid for repairs,	$732 63		
do for Taxes,	259 66		
do for Insurance.	129 00		
do for Dividends,	53 52		
do Miscellaneous,	67 00	1241 81	5662 79
Balance,			$87 79

ASSETS, EXCLUSIVE OF REAL ESTATE.

Cash on hand as above,	$87 79
Due on subscription to Capital Stock,	253 50
Rents due from sundry persons,	338 00
	$679 29

LIABILITIES.

Balance due Wm. Hartley, on purchase money,	$297 16
Interest from 1st March, 1858.	
Sundry accounts for repairs, estimated at	30 00

For full details, see books and accounts of Secretary and Treasurer.

Published by order of the Trustees.

JOHN MOWER, President.

FR. JORDAN, Secretary.

January 1, 1859.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby notified not to trust or harbor on my account, my wife Hannah, who has left my bed and board without any just cause, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting. HENRY EARNEST.

Jan. 7, '59

APPEALS.

Notice is hereby given to the taxable inhabitants of the county of Bedford, that an appeal will be held by the County Commissioners, on the days, and at the places specified, to wit:

Hopewell Township, on Saturday the 29th, at the house of John Dasher.

West Providence Township, on Monday, the 31st, at the house of Philip Steckman.

Snakespring Township, on Tuesday, the 1st day of Febuary next, at the house of Daniel. L. Defibaugh.

Bedford Township, on Wednesday, the 2d, at the Commissioners, office.

Bedford Borough, on Thursday, the 3d, at the Commissioner, office.

When and where all persons and corporations feeling themselves aggrieved at the enumeration and valuation of their taxable property and effects made persuant to the several acts of assembly, in such case made and provided, are rebuested to attend and state their grievances for redress, according to Law.

Attest: H. Nicodemus, Clerk. Commissioners' office, Dec. 24th, 1858.

H. J. BRUNER,
C. EVANS,
J. BECKLEY,
Commissioner

Bedford County, ss.

At an Orphans' Court, held at Bedford, in and for Bedford County, on the 15th day of November A. D., 1858, before the Judges of the same Court,

On motion of JOHN MOWER, Esq., the Court grant a rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of John Kegg, late of Colerain tp., in said County deceased, to wit: William residing in Hancock County, Ohio, Emanuel, Mary Ann, residing in Bedford County, John, residing in California, Jacob, Josiah, residing in Bedford County, Rebecca, residing in Huntingdon County, Pa., and Margaret, residing in Bedford County, to be and appear at an Orphans Court to be held at Bedford, in and for said County, on the 2d Monday, 14th day of February next, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said John Kegg, deceased at the Valuation, or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

[L. S.] IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF I have here unto set my hand and the seal of the said Court, at Bedford, the 24th day of November, A. D. 1858.

Attest, S. H. TATE, Clerk.

WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Dec. 24, 1858

Bedford County, ss.

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford in and for Bedford County on the 15th day of November A. D., 1858, before the same Court,

On motion of JOHN MOWER, Esq., the Court Grant a Rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of John Claar, late of Bedford Borough, in said County, dec'd, to wit: Jacob, who his dead, leving issue, a Daughter, Mary Ann, who is intermarried with George Hines, residing in Bedford, Catharine, intermarried with Anthony Stiffler, residing in Bedford, John, who is dead, leaving five Children, viz: George residing in the West, Henry residing in Fredrick County, Md., William residing in the West, Margaret, intermarried with George Beckley, resining in Fredrick County, Md., and John residing at the same place, Joseph, Sarah, intermarried with Thomas Slack, now dead, leaving issue, six children residing in Bedford County, viz: George, Mary, intermarried with G. J. ROCK, Jane, Margaret; Amanda and Franklin, Elizabeth, intermarried with Jacob Over, residing in Bedford, and Samuel, residing in the State of Kentucky, to be and appear at an Orphans Court to be held at Bedford in and for said County, on the 2d Monday, 14th day of February next, to accept or refuse to take the said Real Estate of said John Claar, deceased, at the Valuation, or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

[L. S.] IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF I have hereto set my hand, and seal of said Court, at Bedford, the 24th day of November,

A. D. 1858.

Attest, SAMUEL H. TATE, Clerk.

WILLIAM S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Dec. 24, 1858.

Township or Single Rights of Bedford County for Sale, of

J. M. Clark's

NEWLY INVENTED PATENT, PORTABLE MERCHANT FLOUR MIXING AND DISTRIBUTING APPARATUS, AND COMBINED GRINDING AND BOLTING MERCHANT

Flouring Mill,

OF FULL SIZE, which requires but SIX HORSE POWER to run—grinds 10 bushels of wheat per hour, and makes better and more flour than any mill in existence—turning out at the same operation, Family, Extra, Superfine, Fine, Middlings, Shorts, Shipstuffs and Bran, and occupying but little space—a room 12 by 24 being amply large to place the Mill in and work it successfully.

This highly ingenious and much needed invention, performs an entire new feature in the manufacturing of grain into flour, and attains objects which have been heretofore wholly beyond reach. The splendid manner in which it performs its functions; the simplicity of its structure; all complicated and useless machinery being avoided; the ease with which it can be transported from one location to another—a horse and wagon, at two loads, being all that is requisite; the small space it occupies when ready for use, which would not be missed when placed in a room with other machinery; and the small amount of power used to propel it—the rapidity with which it performs is work—the different qualities of flour by a single operation—the quality and yield per bushel is unsurpassed.

MILLERS AND MILL-OWNERS!

Your attention is called to this ingenious, valuable and scientific bolting process, which will save you ten times it cost every six months, if used in your mill in place of your present machinery. It will enable you to make a larger yield of flour, a more uniform quality, and a much better flour.

☞Manufacturers price of Mill $650

☞Right to use from $50 to $100

☞Persons in this county wishing to see the practical workings of this mill, before purchasing can do so by calling at the mill of John Bingham, at Holidaysburg, Penna., who has one in operation.

☞The right to use can be had by calling upon either of the undersigned. at Bedford, who have the power to sell Bedford county.

GEO. W. BENFORD,

Dec. 31, 1858. JACOB REED.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office, at Bedford, Dec. 31, 1858.

☞Persons calling for letters in this list will please say they are advertised.

Ake Jno. Esq.; Amie Ellen Mary Miss; Anderson Jacob; Anderson Mary A. Miss; Atkinson Caroline Mrs.; Black Mary Miss; Cessny W. F.; Conders David; Croffard Henry; Cales F.; Davis Wm. J. Esq.; Dean Lizzie S. Miss; Dale D. Esq.; Dile Co. Bedford; Griffith Joseph; Heltzel Charles; Honer Mrs.; Hamilton William; Hamilton Mary Miss; Herbert Jessie; Hetrick John, Haas John Adam; Hetrick J S Esq.; Hamilton John; Imler Ephraim; Keagly John; Makens William; Miller John A. Esq., 2; McCoy John A Esq.; Miller E. T.; Murvine N. B; Oppenhimer Abraham; Overocker Samuel; Overocker H J.; Stovers Morris; Stoudenour Mrs.; Schwarts Samuel F.; Smith Susannah; Smith David Dsq.; Sinnott Esq.; Shaffer Michael, Snouts Thomas F.; Stein Charles; Thompson Wm. T. 7; Wisegarver Ruth Anna; Wolford John; Younts Jacob.

JOHN A. MOWRY, P. M.

Jan. 7, 1859.

All kinds of goods sold at REED & MINNICH'S for Cash or Produce.

HAGERSTOWN ALMANACS for 1859, at DR. HARRY'S Drug and Book Store.

Iron City College

Iron City Commercial College.

PITTSBURG, PA. CHARTERED 1855.

300 STUDENTS ATTENDING JANUARY, 1858.

Now the largest and most thorough Commercial School of the United States. Young men prepared for actual duties of the Counting Room.

J C SMITH, A M., Prof. of Book-keeping and Science of Accounts.

A T DOUTHETT, Teacher of Arithmetic and Commercial Calculation.

J A DEYDRICK and T C JENKINS, Teachers of Book-keeping.

A COWLEY and W A Miller, Profs. of Penmanship.

SINGLE AND DOUBLE ENTRY BOOK-KEEPING, As used in every department of business.

COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC—RAPID BUSINESS WRITING—DETECTING COUNTERFEIT MONEY—MERCANTILE CORRESPONDENCE

COMMERCIAL LAW—

Are taught, and all other subjects necessary for the success and thorough education of a practical business man.

12 Premiums.

Drawn all the premiums in Pittsburg for the past three years, also in Eastern and Western Cities for best Writing,

NOT ENGRAVED WORK.

Important Information.—Students enter at any time—No vacation—Time unlimited—Review at pleasure—Graduates assisted in obtaining situations—Tuition for full Commercial Course, $35.00—Average time 8 to 12 weeks—Board $2.50 per week—Stationary, 6.00—Entire cost, $60.00 to $70.00.

☞Ministers, sons received at half price.

For Card—Circular—Specimens of Business and Ornamental Writing—inclose two stamps, and address F W JENKINS, Pittsburg, Pa.

Sep 3, 1858-1y

☞See advertisement of Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator, in another column.

☞*All wanting to emigrate to a mild climate, good soil, and fine markets, see advertisement of Hammonton Lands.*

THE HAMMONTON FARMER.—A newspaper devoted to Literature and Agriculture, also setting forth full accounts of the new settlements of Hammonton, in New Jersey, can be subscribed for at only 25 cts. per annum.

Inclose postage stamps for the amount. Address to Editor of the Farmer, Hammonton, Atlantic Co. New Jersey. Those wishing cheap land, of the best quality, in one of the healthiest and most delightful climates in the Union, see advestisement of Hammonton Lands.

FARM LANDS FOR SALE 25 MILES FROM PHILADELPHIA—by Railroad in the State of New Jersey. Soil among the best for Agricultural purposes being a good loam soil, with a clay bottom. The land is a large tract, divided into small farms, and hundreds from all parts of the country are now settling and building. The crops can be seen growing. Terms from $15 to 20 per acre, payable within four years by instalments. To visit the place—Leave Vine St. Wharf at Phila at 7½ A. M. by Railroad for Hamonton, or address R. J. Byrnes, by letter. See full advertisement in another column.

Overland California Mail Route!

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

J. & J. M. SHOEMAKER

HAVE just received a large assortment of FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting in part of calicoes from 6¼ cents to 12½ cents per yard, Delaines, Coburgs, Parmetta Cloths, black and fancy silks, Merinoes, Plaids, Flannels. A large assortment of Shawls of all colors and prices Swiss Cambricks, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Shirt and Drawers, bleached and unbleached Muslins of all prices & widths, Cloths and Cassimeres, Satinetts, Jeans, Tweeds, and in fact every thing generally in country stores. Also, a large assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS CAPS,

Comforts, Cravats. Also, Queensware, Hardware Buckets, Groceries of all kinds, with a general assortment of spices, &c. We invite all to call and see our stock of goods for we are determined to sell to suit the times for cash or approved produce.

Oct 23, 1858.

Estate of Samuel Cartwright, Dec'd.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Bedford County, upon the Estate of Samuel Cartwright, late of Middle Woodberry Township, Bedford Co., dec'd, all persons indebted to said Estate, are hereby notified to come forward and make immediate payment and those having claims against the Estate, will present them properly authenticated for settlement, to the undersigned at Claysburg, Blair County.

DANIEL SHOCK,

Dec. 24th, 1858. *Adm'r.*

BARGAINS!

BARGAINS!! BARGAINS!!!

Reed & Minnich have just returned from the Eastern cities with a large assortment of splendid

Winter Goods!

which they will sell cheaper than the cheapest. Their stock includes all kinds of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

of the latest and most fashionable styles,

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING

of every variety of patterns, from the richest CASSIMERE to the most enduring COMMON WEAR,

QUEENSWARE

of all sorts from the finest China to the cheapest article in the market,

GROCERIES,

such as Coffees, Sugars, Spices, &c., &c.

Call around and buy anything you want.

Nov. 19, 1858.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Daniel Shea, late of Cumberland Valley tp., dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Bedford Borough,—notice is therefore given to all persons indebted to make payment immediately and those having claims will present them forthwith, properly authenticated for settlement.

O. E. SHANNON,

Dec. 31, 1858. Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration having been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned upon the estate of James Smith, late of St. Clair township, in said county, deceased—all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against it will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MAHLON SMITH,

Jan 14, 1859. Adm'r.

TO BE HAD AT DR. HARRY'S.

Essence of Jamaica Ginger, which should have a place in every family, for sale at Dr. Harry's.

SHRIVER BROTHERS,

PRODUCE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

376 Baltimore Street, Baltimore,

SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS OF BUTTER, Lard, Flour, Bacon, Leather, Wool, Ginseng, Snake Root, Beeswax, Feathers, and every description of country Produce.

A long business experience enables us to assure our friends that the best possible disposition will be made of anything entrusted to our care for sale.

THE

Liver Invigorator.

PREPARED BY DR. SANDFORD,

COMPOUNDED ENTIRELY FROM GUMS,

Is one of the best purgative and liver medicines now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic*, easier, milder, and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a Cathartic, but a Liver remedy, acting first on the Liver to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most Cathartics. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strenthen and build it up with unusual rapidly.

THE LIVER is one of the principal regulators of the abumn body; and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed. The stomach is also entirely dependent on the healthy action of the Liver for the proper performance of its functions; when the stomach is at fault, the bowels are at fault, and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the *Liver* —having ceased to do its duty. For the diseases of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with Liver Complaint, in any of its forms, has but to a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

Billious attacks are cured, and what is better, prevented, by the occasional use of the Liver Invigorator.

One dose after eating is suficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures Costiveness.

One dose taken after each meal will cure Dyspepsie. ☞One dose of two teaspoonfuls will always relieve Sick Headache.

One bottle taken for female obstruction, removes the cause of the disease and makes a perfect cure. Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic while one dose often repeated is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus and a preventive of Cholera.

☞Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness. One bottle taken for Jaundice removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite, and makes food digest well.—One dose often repeated cures, Chronic Diarrhœa, in its worst forms, while Summer and Bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose. One or two doses cures attacks caused by Worms in Children; there is no surer, safer, or speedier remedy in the world, as it never fails.

☞A few bottles cures Dropsy, by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive for Fever and Ague, Chill Fever and all Fevers of a Billious Type. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues. All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.

☞MIX WATER IN THE MOUTH WITH THE INVIGORATOR, and swallow both together.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR

Is a scientific medical discovery, and is daily working cures, almost too great to believe. It cures as if by magic, even the first dose giving benefit, and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of Liver Complaint, from the worst Jaundice or Dyspepsia to a common Headache, all of which are the result of a Diseased Liver.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

DR. SANFORD, Proprietor 345 Broadway, N. Y.

For sale at the Drug Store of Dr. B F Harry, Bedford, Pa.

May 14, 1858.

JOY TO THE ADMIRERS OF A FINE HEAD OF RICH GLOSSY HAIR.

Talk of beauty, and it cannot exist without a fine head of hair, then read the following, and if you ask more, see circular around each bottle, and no one can doubt.

Professor Wood's Hair Restorative.—We call the attention of all, old and young, to this wonderful preparation, which turns back to its original color, gray hair—covers the head of the bald with a luxuriant growth—removes the dandruff, itching, and all cutaneous eruptions—causes a continual flow of the natural fluids; and hence, if used as a regular dressing for the hair will preserve its color, and keep it from falling to extreme old age, in all its natural beauty. We call then upon the bald, the grey, or diseased in scalp, to use it; and surely the young will not, as they value the flowing locks, or the witching curl, ever be without it. Its praise is upon the tongue of thousands.

The Agent for Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative in New Haven, received the following letter in regard to the Restorative, a few weeks since:

DEEP RIVER, CON., July 23, 1858.

Mr. Levenworth—Sir: I have been troubled with dandruff or scurf on my head for more than a year, my hair began to come out, scurf and hair together, I saw in a New Haven paper about "Wood's Hair Restorative" as a cure. I called at your store on the 1st of April last, and purchased one bottle to try it, and I found to my satisfaction it was the thing, it removed the scurf and new hair began to grow; it is now two or three inches in length where it was all off. I have great faith in it. I wish you to send me two bottles more by Mr. Post, the bearer of this.—I don't know as any of the kind is used in this place, you may have a market for many bottles after it is known here. Yours with respect,

RUFUS PRATT.

PHILA., Sept., 9, 1857.

Prof. Wood—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative is proving itself beneficial to me. The front, and also the back part of my head almost lost its covering—in fact had. I have used but two half pint bottles of your Restorative, and now the top of my head is well studded with a promising crop of young hair, and the front is also receiving its benefit. I have tried other preparations without any benefit whatever. I think from my own personal recommendation I can induce many others to try it.

Yours respectfully, D. R. THOMAS, M. D.

No. 464 Vine street.

VINCENNES, IA., June 22, 1856.

Prof. O. J. Wood: As you are about to manufacture and vend your recently discovered Hair Restorative, I will state, for whomsoever it may concern, that I have used it and known others to use it—that I have, for several years, been in the habit of using, other Hair Restoratives, and that I find yours vastly superior to any other I know. It entirely cleanses the head of dandruff, and with one month's proper use will restore any person's hair to the original youthful color and texture, giving it a healthy, soft and glossy appearance; and all this, without discoloring the hands that apply it, or the dress on which it drops. I would, therefore, recommend its use to every one desirous of having a fine color and texture to hair. Respectfully yours,

WILSON KING.

O. J. WOOD & Co., 212 Broadway, New York (in the great New York Wire Railing Establisment, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, M.

And sold by all Druggists.

For sale at the Drug Store of Dr. B F Harry, Bedford, Pa.

May 14, 1858.

PICKLES AND SHOES TO

Many men of many minds—
Many Shoes of many kinds,
From sizes one to number nine,
Allowing some for *heel* behind.

Boots for men and women too,
Some high; some low; some old and new,
With shanghai tops and pointed heels
To make him high who lowly feels.

If prices do not suit your mind
Just take a little cheaper kind—
But when you buy cheap shoes, beware,
For cheapest shoes are first to tear.

If fruits and pickles well put up;
Fruits preserved, or nice catsup,
Be bothering any one to taste,
To Ferguson's be sure to haste.

Tobacco and cigars are there,
Of qualities and kinds quite rare,
To please the taste of every one
And make the boys appear full grown.

We take all kinds of trade for goods,
E'en wagons full from out the woods—
All kinds of produce and of grain,
Will be received and sold again.

Now call and see this Store of shoes,
Of pickles and preserves for use,
But when you call just bring along,
What is the object of our song.

Hard Times Relief.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

MRS. S. E. POTTS

HAS just returned from the cities with a large and handsome stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

elegant rich Dress Silks, Valentia Robes, French Merino, Thibet cloths, Delaines, all colors, Shawls of every description and all prices, bought low at auction. Also, a large and handsome assortment of Furs, Victorines, Capes, Cuffs and Muffs, Bonnets of all kinds, Velvet, Satin, Brown, Silk, Grey and Brown Straw trimmed and untrimmed. Also, an endless assortment of ribbons, feathers, flowers and rueshes, gloves and hosiery, boots and shoes, and a full assortment of every kind of fancy goods.

N. B. Country milliners can be supplied with all kinds of millinery goods.

Oct. 22, 1858.

Ladies' Bazaar!

THE Ladies of Bedford and vicinity are invited to call and examine the handsome assortment of FALL and WINTER GOODS, now opened and ready for inspection at the "BAZAAR."

DRESS GOODS, consisting in part of robe and plain silks, cashmeres, Poil dechevres, flounced and side striped delain robes, fancy and bayadere de laines, French plain and printed de laines, opera flannels, English and French merinos, poplins, velvets de bergs, brilliants, American and French ginghams, English and American prints.—SHAWLS, a great variety, such as long, square, and mantilla,—cloaks, circular, raglan and mantilla styles.

FURS—Ladies and Gents—Chenille Scarfs, Expansion skirts, &c.

BONNETS,

Bridal, velvet, silk, satin, tufted silk, chenille, straw and mourning bonnets, ladies dress caps, children's and Misses' straw and silk bonnets, Ladies' dress caps, head-dresses, ribbons, feathers, flowers, French and American, and Millinery goods generally. *EMBROIDERIES.*

A handsome assortment of French sets, collars, children's sets, edgings, laces, flouncings, veils, &c.

Hosiery—Gloves—Shoes, Perfumery—Jewelry and an endless variety of fancy articles.

All of the above articles have been purchased at prices to suit the times.

Call, ladies, and examine for yourselves.

Country Milliners supplied with all kinds of Millinery.

The public will please accept Mrs. H. D. Peugh's thanks for the liberal patronage she has received.

Nov. 12, 1858.

Sign of the Lock!

HARDWARE,

FARM-IMPLEMENT AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING AND

VARIETY STORE.

WILLIAM HARTLEY

Has just opened and is constantly receiving at his new store, corner of "Bedford Hall," one door East of A B Cramer's store, an elegant and large stock of Hardware, House Furnishing Goods, and Agricultural Implements. His stock consists in part of

Carpenter's tools,
Cabinet maker's tools and findings,
Wooden and willow ware,
Ropes of several sizes,
Chains in assortment,
Shovels, scoops, forks and spades,
Files and Rasps in Variety,
Locks of all descriptions,
Brass, Copper and Iron wire,
Churns in Variety,
Coffee and Spice Mills, (Warranted)
Fox, Rat, and Mice traps,
Spade, Shovel, fork and axe handles,
Brushes in Variety,
Nails, Glass and Putty,
Fluid, Pine oil and Turpentine,
Double and Single Bit axes,
Knife cleaners, an excellent article,
Britannia ware,
Brass, porcelained and tin lined Kettles,
Patent and common Sad Irons,
Shoemakers tools and findings,
Screen wire,
Chain Pumps,
Corn Shellers,
Corn Fodder Cutters and crushers,
Corn mills,
Glass Lanterns,
Oil for Harness and Machinery,
Paints, oils, and varnish, Iron and Steel of all descriptions, Wall Paper and hundreds of other articles.

He respectfully invites the patronage of the citizens of this and adjoining counties, feeling confident that he can satisfy them in the price and quality of his goods.

Remember, things sold by him are *warranted* as *represented* so that none can be deceived; and any article not in his line not on hand will be furnished at 4 days notice cheerfully at Eastern retail price.

N. B. Believing that the present credit system is disadvantageous to every body, he will trust no man longer than 6 months, but will sell *cheaper for cash* than goods of like quality have ever been bought in Bedford. Call and examine his stock, judge for yourself, and we think you will be pleased with the goods, the prices and the system.

He keeps on hand, or will cheerfully furnish every thing needed in this county and brought from the East, excepting only dry goods and groceries.

March, 26, 1858.

SELLING OFF AT COST.

MRS. H. D. PEUGH wishes to retire from business, and will sell an entire Stock of goods at cost! Ladies wishing to supply themselves with goods at wholesale prices, would do well to call before the following handsome articles are disposed of.

Rich silks, French Merinos, Cashmeres, Alpacas, Poplins, French and American De Laines, Velvets, Shawls, Cloaks, Mantles, Ladies' and Childrens' Furs, Clouds, Hoods, Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, French Work, Gloves, Hosiery, Shoes, Jewelry, Perfumery, and an endless variety of Fancy Goods.

Milliners would find it to their advantage to examine the assortment in the Millinery department.

Dec. 17, 1858.

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500 bushels of prime clover seed wanted at *J. & J. M. Shoemaker's* Colonade store, for which the highest market price will be paid. (oct., 22, 1858.)

D. Border,

Clock & Watch Maker

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line. He has on hand, and will constantly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the best style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver Watches, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, &c. &c.

April 27, 1855.

GETTYS' PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY

Exchange Building, Bedford, Pa.,

Where Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, &c. &c., of every description, are executed in the latest styles and improvements of the Art. A full assortment of plain and fancy cases, and gold and plated Lockets, at very low prices.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his specimens.

T. R. GETTYS, Jr.

SHOEMENDING!

HAVING commenced the business of Shoemending, one door east of Mr. Brice's Hotel, Bedford, Pa., I am prepared to do all manner of work in this line of business at the shortest notice, and in the most substantial manner, on more reasonable rates than usual, *one thing indispensable.* Give me a call, try my work and judge for yourselves.

June 11,'58. J. B. BAKER.

Spectacles!

The subscriber has just received a splendid variety of Gold, Silver Mounted, and Steel Spectacles, with the finest Scotch Pebbles, superior in clearness, and designed to suit persons of all ages—warranted never to FAIL—to which he invites the attention of all who are in need of the article. He has also just received an elegant assortment of JEWELRY—all of which he will sell on reasonable terms.

DANIEL BORDER.

Bedford, May 22, 1857.

NOTICE.

GEO. B. AMICK, surviving partner of the late firm of Geo. B. Amick & Bro., notifies all persons interested, that the Books of said firm are in his hands for settlement, and that circumstances demand an immediate closing up of the business of said firm. Persons indebted, or having settlements to make, are therefore requested to call on the subscriber without delay.

The subscriber will continue the Mercantile Business at the "OLD STAND," where he will be happy to meet his friends and customers at all times. He will receive in a very short time a new supply of seasonable goods, which he is determined to sell on the most reasonable terms.

St. Clairsville, June 11,'58. GEO. B. AMICK.

Hammonton Lands—*NEW ENGLAND SETTLEMENT.—RARE OPPORTUNITY.*—TO ALL WANTING FARMS—in a healthy place, twenty-five miles from Philadelphia, on the Camden and Atlantic railroad, New Jersey. An old estate has been recently opened for sale, and the first division of 10,000 acres divided up into farm of twenty acres and upwards. The soil is of *the best* quality for the production of fruits, grains &c. The price is $15 to $20 per acres, payable in easy quarterly yearly instalments, with a term of four years, with interest. The terms are made easy, in order to insure the rapid improvement of the land, by enabling *every industrious man to buy a farm.* It is now being extensively improved by good roads, and some of the best citizens from New England and the Middle States are erecting large improvements. It is a scene of the greatest improvement out of Philadelphia. Seventy-five houses have been built in four months. Practical farmers and business men from the length and breadth of the Union are settling there. It is an important business place, on account of its being in the midst of a great market. Every article raised upon this land finds an immediate sale. The water is excellent, and no such thing as fever is known. The soil is a sandy loam, with a *clay bottom* and *retentive* of manures. It is free of stones and easily worked. It abounds largely in the phosphates, and such is its fertility that from the crops produced both upon this land and the large area adjoining under cultivation, it will be found not to be excelled anywhere in the production of crops most adapted to its market. The reader may be well aware that the earliest and best fruits and vegetables come from New Jersey, which are annually exported to the amount of millions of dollars. The land, besides being accessible in every way for fertilizers, has an abundant supply of the best quality of muck manure. Lumber and building materials can be had on the spot at a cheap price, from the mills. Other mills are now being opened, and brickyards being started on the ground. A person can put up a frame tenement for present convenience for one hundred dollars. On account of the extensive emigration, this is the best course to pursue in order to get a place to live in at first. Carpenters and builders are on hand to put up houses on the best terms.

In settling here the emigrant has many advantages. He is within a few hours' ride of the great cities in the Middle States and New England; he is near his old friends and associations; he is in a settled country, where every improvement and comfort of civilization is at hand; he is in a healthy place, and is not subject to the certainty of losing the greater part of his family and his own health by those malignant fevers which make the graves of so many millions of the young and hardy in far off regions away from home and friends. Besides, he has a mild climate and an open winter. There are three trains daily to Philadelphia, and to all those who improve the railroad company gives a free ticket. The reader will at once be struck with the advantages here presented, and ask himself why the property hasnt been taken up before. The reason is, it was never thrown in the market; and unless these statements were correct, no one would be invited to examine before purchasing. This all are expected to do—They will see the land under cultivation; they will meet persons, no doubt, from their own neighborhood; they will witness the improvements, and can judge of the character of the population. Persons should come prepared to purchase, as many are locating, and locations are not held on refusal. The Hammonton Farmer, a monthly Literary and Agricultural sheet, containing full information of Hammonton, will be sent to each inquirer, and can be obtained at 25 cents p rannum.

Title indisputable. Warrantee deeds given, clear of all incumbrance, when purchase money is paid. Route to the land:—Leave Vine street wharf, Philadelphia, for Hammonton by railroad at 7½. A. M. and 5½, P. M.; when there inquire for Mr Byrnes. Boarding conveniences will be found. Letters and applications can be addressed to S. B. COUGHLIN, 202 South Fifth Street below Walnut, Philada. Maps and information cheerfully furnished. (aug. 27,'58.

CASH AND PRODUCE STORE!

HILLEGAS and MOWRY,

Merchants, at Buena Vista, Bedford co., Pa.,

WOULD announce to their friends and customers that they have replenished their former stock by an additional supply of Fall and Winter GOODS of all kinds, which they intend selling *very low for cash or country produce.*

GIVE THEM A CALL.

N. B. Merchantable produce taken in payment for store debts.

Buena Vista, Oct., 15, 1858.

Bedford Hotel,

And General Stage Office.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, at present in the occupancy of Col. Adam Barnhart, and will take possession on the 1st day of April next. It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The House will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged. Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

☞*All the STAGES stop at this Hotel.*

JOHN HAFER.

March 16, 1855.

DR. WALTON'S

AMERICAN PILLS.

JOY TO THE AFFLICTED.

YOUNG AMERICA VICTORIOUS

One small box of Pills cures ninety-nine cases out of a hundred. No Balsam, no Mercury, no odor on the breath, no fear of detection. Two small pills a dose; tasteless and harmless as water. Full directions are given, so that the patient can cure himself as certain as with the advice of the most experienced surgeon, and much better than with the advice of one of little experience in this class of disease.

SENT BY MAIL TO ANY PART OF THE COUNTRY by enclosing one dollar to *Dr. D. G. Walgen* No. 154 North Seventh St. below Race, Philadelphia. *A liberal discount to the trade.* None genuine without the *written* signature of D. G. Walton Proprietor.

Dr. W's treatment for Self-abuse, Weakness, &c., is entirely different from the usual course. Dr. W. has cured hundreds who have tried others without benefit. The treatment is as certain to cure as the sun is to rise. Enclose a stamp, and address Dr. W. as above giving a full history of your case, and you will bless the day you made the effort to secure what is certain—A RADICAL CURE.

Feb. 5, 58.—1 yr.

How to save Money!

ALL persons who are in want of good and very cheap Chairs and Cabinet Furniture, can now have an opportunity of saving money, by calling on the subscriber, and selecting such articles as they may need from a large stock now on hand which will be sold lower than the same can be bought in this country.

You who are about to commence housekeeping will do well by calling on me as there will be great reductions made in suits of Furniture. You will see the truth of the above statement by looking at the following list of prices.

CHAIRS FROM	$4 50	to	36 00	per set
BEDSTEADS,	2 50	"	15 00	"
TABLES,	2 50	"	20 00	"
BUREAUS,	10 00	"	35 00	"
CUPBOARDS,	5 00	"	12 00	"
WASHSTANDS,	1 50	"	6 00	"
WORK STANDS,	1 00	"	5 00	"
CANDLE STANDS,	1 00	"	3 00	"

All other articles in proportion. All articles warranted.

ISAAC MENGEL, Jr.

February 19, 1858.

SHOE STORE!

Ferguson & Co.,

HAVE just opened their new Store in "Anderson's Row" of buildings, nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office.

Their stock of Boots and Shoes for men, women and children, is certainly the best and cheapest that has ever been brought to Bedford, for three reasons.

First:—On account of the pressure of the times, they have been laid in at 30 cents on the dollar less than what was paid last year for the same goods.

Second:—They were bought for CASH, and the usual discounts made.

Third:—They were bought in much larger quantities than dry goods merchants buy them, and consequently were bought much lower.

If this is doubted, the evidence is on the stand at the counter.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

The store room has been so arranged as to have a separate apartment for the Ladies, provided with comfortable chairs and stools where they cat sit and talk, or buy shoes as they please.

Pickles and Fruits.

In connection with the shoe business, all kinds of Pickles, Fruits and Preserves will be kept, including Pine Apple, Peach, Strawberries, Cherries, Brandy Peaches, Catsups, Mixed Pickles, Lobsters, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

The best, and most general assortment of Tobacco and Cigars, will be kept constantly on hand.

As there is no store of this kind kept in this county, the proprietors are determined to keep it right, and sell at the lowest living profits.

A. FERGUSON & CO.

IRON.—Blacksmith's and others are informed we have just received a large supply of Refined Iron—warranted best quality.

A. B. CRAMER & CO

BURNING FLUID and PINE OIL

Always to be had at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

WAGONS.—Several new two horse waggons work warranted, for sale on a liberal credit or for country produce by A. B. CRAMER & Co. Feb. 19, 1858.

PICKLING VINEGAR.—Pure Cider Vinegar—just; received also Extra quality mould candles, at A. B. CRAMER & CO.

PURE WHITE LEAD, FLAXSEED OIL and Spirits Turpentine, at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

LUMBER FOR SALE.—White and Yellow Pine Boards, Plastering and Shingling Lath and bills furnished to order by

REED & MINNICH.

For the Hair, Jockey Club and new mown Hay Pomatums, Phalon's Invigorator, &c. &c. can all be had at Dr. Harry's.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE

of Carriage varnish at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP!

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Ashcom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers, and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted equal to the best eastern make. Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly. Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK.
October 30, 1857. C. W. ASHCOM.

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY

AND

Machine Shop!

THE subscribers are now prepared at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for Castings of every description for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, APPLE MILLS, PLOUGHS and all things else in our line that may be needed in this or adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2, 4 or Horse Power, WARRANTED equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Wood Cock, Plug and Hillside Ploughs, WARRANTED to give satisfaction, or no sale. Points, shares and land sides to fit all Woodcock, or Seyler ploughs in the county.

Farmers' Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at the store of

Wm. Hartley, in Bedford,
Sonderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp.,
John Nycum & Son, " "

Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner and all work warranted. Call and examine our castings and work and judge for yourselves. Our agents sell at foundry prices.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1856.

The "Right of Search"

WILL not be denied to any one wishing to purchase a new coat at Loyer's

Emporium

OF FASHION!

where has just been received a large and elegant assortment of gentlemen's dress and furnishing goods, consisting, in part, of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS
CRAVATS,
GLOVES, &c., &c.

all of which are offered to the public at a low figure.

Clothes made to order on short notice.

Call and buy one of those beautiful coats made only by

Colin Loyer, Merchant TailoR,
Of the finest fashionable
Lasting goods, both plain and fancY,
Into Bedford ever brought tO
Neatly clothe "ye people" civiL.

Bedford, July 2, 1858.

NEW AUTUMN

AND

WINTER Goods.

OSTER, MANSPEAKER & CARN,

have now in store a complete stock of

SEASONABLE DRY GOODS,

embracing printed Byadere, Pacific and Hamilton Delaines, Robes Volentine, Robes A'Quilla, Rich Black and Fancy Silks, Saxony and Paris Plaids, Coburgs and Merinos, in all desirable colors from 25 cents up, plain and printed Persian Cloth, from 12½ cts up, printed Flannels, Indian Scotch Plaid and Bay State Blanket Shawls, from $1.50 up, gloves and hosiery, dress trimmings and fringes, merino under shirts and drawers, comforts and scarfs, bleached and unbleached muslins, in all widths, from 6¼ cts. up, checks, ginghams, tickings, flannels, new style fall prints, from 6¼ cts. up, cassimers, cloths and every other article usually kept in a well

ASSORTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

Together with a large assortment of Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Glass and Queensware, Cuttery, fresh family groceries, &c., &c.

We repectfully invite every person to call and examineour GOODS before purchasing, as we are determinsd to sell exceedingly low for cash or approved produce. (Oct., 29, 1858.)

A. B. Cramer & Co.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Fall and Winter Goods,

all of which have been purchased since the great

DECLINE IN PRICES EAST.

Our ASSORTMENT is the best we have ever offered, including all the

NEWEST STYLES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

Unprecedented bargains will be offered our friends and customers for CASH, or PRODUCE. A liberal credit will be given to those only, who will PROMPTLY settle their accounts every January by Cash or Note.

No trouble to show goods.—Call and see the bargains. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Oct., 29, 1858.

For pimples and wrinkles and freckles and tan,
Nothing has e'er been discovered by man,
Like that wonderful product of tropical bowers,
The popular "Balm of a Thousand Flowers."
to be had at Dr. Harry's Drug & Book Store
March 6, 1857.

Country Physicians can have their orders filled at City prices at Dr. Harry's.

Bedford, Dec 5, 1856.

☞Adams & Co. have established their Express on the H. & B. T. R. R. and appointed C. W. Ashcom, Esq., agent at Hopewell.

LUMBER.—Twenty Thousand feet of Spruce & Pine Boards, also a large supply of Poplar Spantling—for sale by A. B. CRAMER & Co Feb 19, 1858

AN EXCELLENT ARTICLE

of Hair and tooth brushes at Dr. Harry' Drug and Book Store. [july 30,

---

Bazin's & Lubin's Extract for the Handkerchief, Cologne Water, &c. for sale at Dr. Harry's Drug Store.

CALICOES, MUSLINS, and other goods just received at Reed and Minnich's. Call and see them.

OHIO FIRE PROOF PAINT,

cheap, durable and pretty, already ground at Hartley's. (j 18,'58

DENTIST.

C. N. HICKOK.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care. Teeth filed, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.

☞Terms INVARIABLY CASH.

Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

ATTENTION, MARKSMAN!

JOHN BORDER,

GUNSMITH, Bedford, Pa.

Shop at the east end of the town, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh.

All guns of my own manufacture warranted.

May 21,'58.-1y.

TO BUILDERS.

The subscriber is fully preprred to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths. Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford County, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

John P. Reed,

Attorney at Law, Bedford, Pennsylvania

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Feb. 20, 1852.

THE MENGEL HOUSE.

Valentine Steckman, Proprietor.

☞Boarders taken by the day, week, month or year, on moderate terms.

May 9, 1856.

DR. F. C. REAMER

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Feb. 17, 1854.

Dr. B. F. Harry

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

June 24, 1853.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

JOB MANN. G. H. SPANG.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN,
June 2, 1854. G. H. SPANG.

W. J. BAER. G. W. BENFORD. B. F. MEYERS.

BAER, BENFORD & MEYERS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

BEDFORD, PENN'A.

WILL punctually attend to all business entrusted to their care. ☞Mr. Baer will be in regular attendance at Court. Office on Julianna street, same as formerly occupied by Wm. M. Hall, Esq. [jan '58.

Cessna & Shannon,

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. ☞Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Oct. 26, 1849.

LAW NOTICE.

W. J. BAER, Attorney at Law:

WILL practice regularly in the Courts o Bedford County hereafter. He may, during Court Weeks, be consulted at his room at the Washington Hotel.

Nov. 23, 1855.

LADIES'

FANCY STORE.

The undersigned, thankful for the past favors of the public, respectfully begs leave to inform the ladies, that she has on hand a large assortment of LADIES' FASHIONABLE DRESS GOODS, such as Silks, De Laines, Thibet Cloths, Prints, also Linens, Muslins, Cloaks, Shawls, Bonnets, Ribbons, Rouches, Ladies' Best Kid Gloves, Hose, Children's Hose, French Embroidery, French and English Crapes, Zephyrs, Shetland Wool, Velvet Trimmings, Hoops, Sack Flannels, Wool Delaines, &c., &c. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. M. C. FETTERLY.

Bedford, Oct. 22d, 1858.

WASHINGTON HOTEL.

MRS. COOK would announce to her friends and the public, that the Washington Hotel is now fitted up in superior order for the accommodation of guests, and she hopes to continue to receive a liberal share of custom. Persons visiting the Mineral Springs will find in the Washington Hotel a comfortable summer retreat—and no pains will be spared to please all who patronize the house.

☞A young gentleman of high qualification and courteous deportment has charge of the establishment.

☞The best of Stabling is attached to this Hotel.

☞Terms as moderate as any other house in the place.

☞Daily Mail Stages from Alaquippa and Cumberland—also tri-weekly Lines from Hollidaysburg and Pittsburg stop at this Hotel.

Bedford, April 25, 1856.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform the travelling public, that he has established a daily line of stages between Bedford and Latrobe. The route is that of the old Philadelphia Turnpike, leading from Philadelphia to Pittsburg, being one of the best coach roads in the Union.

Passengers will REACH

trains of cars for Pittsburg as early as by going to Hollidaysburg or Johnstown. The fare to Pittsburg on this route is *Four Dollars and Twenty Cents* being

THREE DOLLARS CHEAPER

than on any other route from Bedford to that point. Coaches leave the Washington Hotel, Bedford, every morning, at 6½ o'clock, (Sundays excepted) and the Depot at Latrobe every morning, after the arrival of the mail train from Pittsburg, (Sundays excepted. JOSEPH A. GARMAN.

February, 12, 1858-tf.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

and Jayne's Expectorant, at Dr. Harry's Drug [july 30, 1858.]

JAYNE'S WRIGHTS,

Bennett's and Dyott's Pills at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

☞"FIRE RISKS ONLY TAKEN."

Girard

Fire and Marine Insurance Company,

Philadelphia.

CAPITAL $200,000.

DIRECTORS.

WM M SWAIN, of Public Ledger.	
JOHN ANSPACH, Jr.,	GEO. W. WOODWARD
H. N. BURROUGHS,	JNO. W. CLAGHORN,
J. B. HUGHES,	WM C RUDMAN,
WM S BOYD,	C D SHOEMAKER,
JER. WALKER,	THO. CRAVEN,
FRANCIS PETERS,	H R COGGSHALL,
JNO. McCLURE,	JOSEPH KLAPP, M D.

Hon. JOEL JONES, President.
A S GILLET, Vice President.
JOHN S McMULLIN, Secretary.
JAS. B. ALVORD, Assistant Secretary.

☞All claims hitherto presented against this Company, properly audited and adjusted, *have been paid.* The "Girard" is not a "Mutual" Company. Persons insuring in it need only pay the premium on their Policy, no assessment being made upon them in case of losses by the Company.

BENFORD & MEYERS,
Agents for Bedford county.

April 23, 1858.

Scrofula, or King's Evil,

is a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak, and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which genders in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; consequently, vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumption which decimates the human family has its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or are aggravated by the same cause.

One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; their persons are invaded by this lurking infection, and their health is undermined by it. To cleanse it from the system we must renovate the blood by an alterative medicine, and invigorate it by healthful food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

AYER'S

Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

the most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this every where prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedials that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences. Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only scrofula, but also those other affections which arise from it, such as Eruptive and Skin Diseases, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Blains and Boils, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Rheumatism, Syphilitic and Mercurial Diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Debility, and, indeed, all Complaints arising from Vitiated or Impure Blood. The popular belief in "*impurity of the blood*" is founded in truth, for scrofula is a degeneration of the blood. The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla is to purify and regenerate this vital fluid, without which sound health is impossible in contaminated constitutions.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC,

are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their penetrating properties search, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitalities. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who is bowed down with pain or physical debility is astonished to find his health or energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing certificates of their cures and directions for their use in the following complaints: *Costiveness, Heartburn, Headache, arising from disordered stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Pain in and Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice,* and other kindred complaints, arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.

LOWELL, MASS.

SOLD BY

Doctors Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa.

july 30,'58-1y.

Samuel Ketterman,

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

WOULD hereby notify the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

April 16, 1858.-tf.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Henry S. King and James Madara, under the name and firm of Madara, King & Co., doing business at Lemon's Iron Works, in Hopewell township, Bedford county, is dissolved by mutual consent.

HENRY S. KING,
Nov. 2, 1857. JAMES MADARA

The business of manufacturing iron at Lemon' Iron Works, will be continued by the undersigned, who has purchased all the interest of his late partners James Madary, in the Books property and effects belonging to the late firm of Madara, King & Co.

Nov. 20. 1857. HENRY S. KING.

TO BE HAD AT DR. HARRY'S.

Essence of Jamaica Ginger, which should have a place in every family, for sale at Dr. Harry's.

Bazin's fancy Toilet Soaps, Shaving Creams &c. just received and for sale at Dr. Harry's Drug Store.